

**2024 Q3 MOBILE MONITORING VAN
COMMERCE CITY NORTH DENVER
COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING NETWORK
COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO**

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes¹: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), nitric oxide or nitrogen oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect the presence of specific VOCs and hydrogen sulfide (H₂S). This report details approach number three, the periodic real-time air monitoring through six neighborhoods with the mobile monitoring van and a screening health risk analysis of the detected chemicals. Continuous real-time air monitoring and Summa canister sampling data are presented in separate reports.

The mobile monitoring van contains the equipment necessary to identify and quantitate individual chemicals present in ambient air at ultra-low concentrations. This equipment measures and reports concentrations of select chemicals at sub-parts per billion (ppb) levels and as quickly as one measurement per second. During the monitoring period, the mobile monitoring van followed a dense route through each of the six CCND residential neighborhoods that fall within a three-mile radius around the refinery. Accessible streets in the monitored neighborhoods were traversed at approximately 10 miles per hour (mph) while collecting a data point for each chemical every 1 second. During the third quarter 2024 sampling period (September 9 – September 30), the mobile monitoring van was in a total of six neighborhoods and collected more than 64,054 data points across four days of monitoring, resulting in approximately 42,892 1-hour rolling average concentrations. Meteorological conditions were also reported in real time.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH®) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. This evaluation was consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines and was conducted to determine whether the estimated 1-hour maximum measured concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. The air monitoring data and health risk assessment indicate:

- Air monitoring data and health risk assessment indicate all measured individual and combined air concentrations were below their respective acute health reference levels in all neighborhoods.
- Results indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

¹ An “analyte” is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time stationary monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), nitric oxide or nitrogen oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect the presence of specific chemicals. An “analyte” is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number three. The continuous real-time community air monitoring and Summa canister sampling data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling and analysis from approaches (1) and (2) were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) that can be found online at ccnd-air.com/documents.

2.0 MOBILE SAMPLING PROGRAM

2.1 Mobile Van Air Sampling Description

The mobile monitoring van is a Mercedes 2500 Sprinter Van outfitted with equipment necessary to identify and quantitate individual chemicals present in ambient air to ultra-low concentrations. The mobile monitoring van is equipped with an Ionicon Model 6000-X2 proton transfer reaction time-of-flight mass spectrometer (PTR-TOF-MS). This instrument provides concentrations of select chemicals at sub-parts per billion (ppb) levels and as quickly as one measurement per second. The mobile monitoring van is outfitted with an external sampling system, which transports ambient air from outside of the van into the PTR-TOF-MS sample inlet for immediate real-time analysis. The entire sampling system is comprised of Teflon or Teflon-coated materials, which ensures the lowest amount of sample loss due to surface absorption of chemical molecules. The mobile monitoring van incorporates a high-precision global positioning system (GPS), a sonic anemometer to measure wind direction and wind velocity and other incorporated meteorological (MET) sensors. An Ionicon Model 4000 PTR-TOF-MS was used for the September 30, 2024 testing.

During the mobile monitoring program, groups of structurally similar chemicals (called isomers) that include the list of 65 chemicals in Table 2-1 were measured to determine the instantaneous ambient concentrations. Appendix A provides more detail on the need for isomer grouping. This list of chemicals was compiled based on the typical chemicals that are monitored in urban and industrial areas and the mobile monitoring van analysis capabilities.

The mobile monitoring van followed a driving route through each of the six CCND residential neighborhoods that fall within a three-mile radius around the refinery operations. Accessible streets in the neighborhoods were traversed at approximately 10 MPH while collecting a data

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

point approximately every 1 second. The details of the monitored neighborhoods are listed in Table 2-2 and are shown in Figure 2-1.

**TABLE 2-1
MOBILE MONITORING VAN PROGRAM CHEMICALS²**

o-Diethylbenzene	2-Methylhexane	Neopentane	Methyl-cyclopentane	o-Ethyltoluene (2-ethyltoluene)
1,3-Butadiene	2-Methylpentane	Ethylbenzene	m-Ethyltoluene	p-Diethylbenzene (1,4-diethylbenzene)
1-Butene	3-Methylheptane	Ethylcyclohexane	m/o/p-Xylenes	p-Ethyltoluene (4-ethyltoluene)
1-Hexene	3-Methylhexane	Ethylene	n-Butane	1,2,4- trimethylbenzene
1-Pentene	3-Methylpentane	Hydrogen Cyanide	n-Decane	Propylene (Propene)
Styrene	Acetylene	Hydrogen Sulfide	n-Dodecane	2,2,4- Trimethylpentane
2,2-Dimethylbutane	Benzene	i-Butane	n-Heptane	Tetrachloroethylene
Toluene	Carbon disulfide	i-Pentane	n-Hexane	2,3,4- Trimethylpentane
2,3-Dimethylbutane	trans-2-Butene	Isopentane	n-Nonane	trans-1,2- Dimethylcyclohexane
2,3-Dimethylpentane	cis-2-Butene	Isoprene	n-Octane	trans-1,3- Dimethylcyclohexane
2,4-Dimethylpentane	cis-2-Pentene	m-Diethylbenzene	n-Pentane	cis-1,3- dimethylcyclohexane
2-Methyl-2-butene	Cumene	Methanol	n-Propylbenzene	trans-2-Pentene
2-Methylheptane	Cyclohexane	Methyl-cyclohexane	n-Undecane	Cyclopentane

² See Appendix A for isomer analysis details

**TABLE 2-2
NEIGHBORHOOD MONITORING PROGRAM DETAILS**

Neighborhood	Area (square miles)	Sampling Date	Start Time	End Time	Total Data Points Collected	Total Hourly Rolling Averages Calculated*
Adams City	0.41	9/10/2024	13:27	15:58	9,040	5,513
Dupont	1.4	9/10/2024	9:59	13:19	12,001	8,474
Elyria-Swansea	1.2	9/30/2024	11:18	13:58	9,615	6,088
Globeville	0.44	9/11/2024	09:37	12:08	9,072	5,545
Pioneer Park	1.7	9/9/2024	10:41	14:28	13,576	10,049
Western Hills	1.6	9/30/2024	14:19	17:18	10,750	7,223

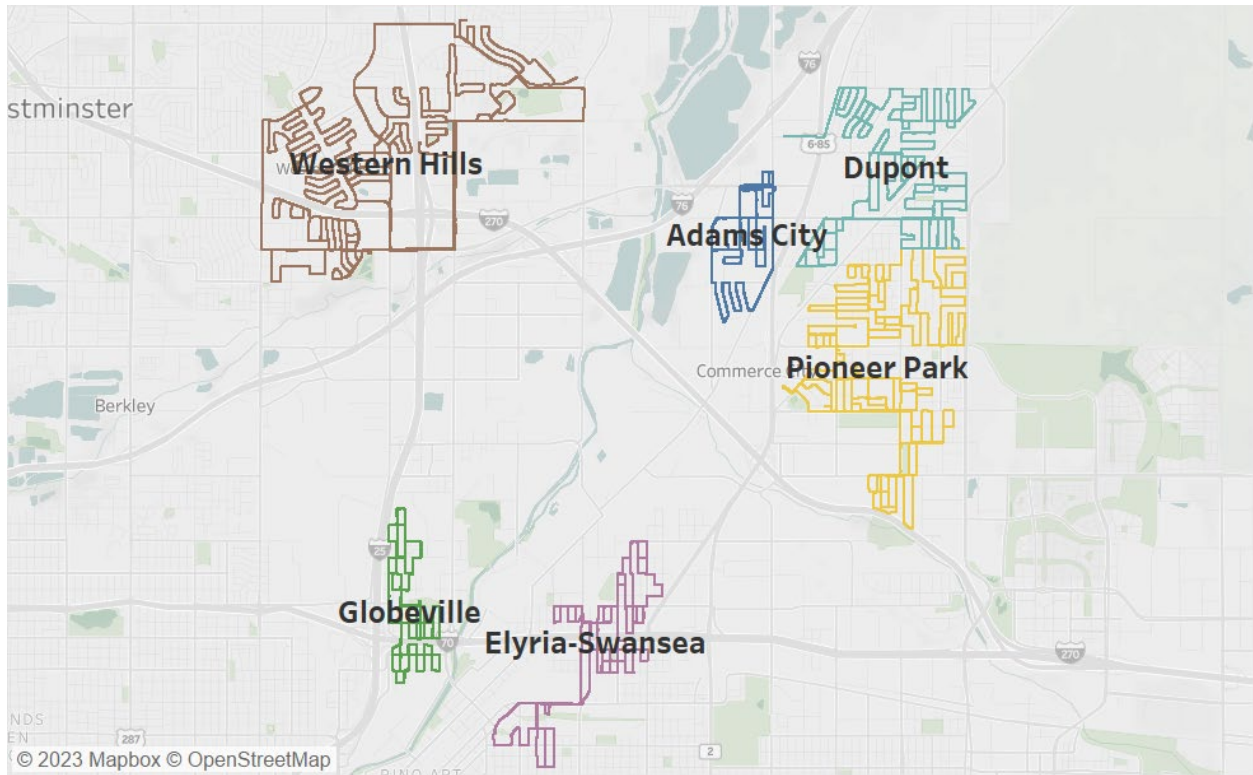
*Data completeness threshold set at 98%

2.2 Mobile Monitoring Van Air Sampling Methods

The PTR-TOF-MS calibration was checked, and the instrument was zeroed each day prior to collection of any ambient air data. The instrument was calibrated using United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) protocol certified calibration gases. The multi-chemical cylinder standards were used to generate multiple point calibration curves for each commercially available chemical present in the standard. Not all chemicals listed in Table 2-1 are available as certified calibration gases. The chemical dilutions were made using an Environics Model 4040 gas dilution system. The gas dilution system was validated using the appropriate USEPA methodology (40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 51 Appendix M, Method 205). Zero-count measurements were obtained to ensure proper baseline measurements were incorporated into the calculation of each chemical's concentration. Zero-count measurements were performed through the entire sampling system using ultra-high purity air. Post-testing calibration checks were performed on the instrument to ensure there was no significant drift during the course of the sampling event. Drift can cause an increase or decrease in the measured chemical concentrations, which can lead to both positive and negative biasing of the obtained results.

The mobile monitoring van collected continuous measurements throughout each neighborhood following the routes shown in Figure 2-1. The measurements were collected from the ambient environment at a height of 15 feet above grade at approximately 8 liters per minute using a Teflon-coated sampling boom and pump. The PTR-TOF-MS sampled a slip stream of this flow at approximately 100 ml/min. The sample was introduced into the reaction tube of the PTR-TOF-MS and results were collected in 1-second intervals. See the attached Appendix D for specific PTR-TOF-MS instrument operation conditions.

FIGURE 2-1
MOBILE MONITORING VAN PROGRAM ROUTE THROUGH SIX NEIGHBORHOOD AREAS



2.3 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH[®] conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) chemicals in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure assumptions that are health-conservative. This means that data reflecting maximum exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest one hour rolling average concentration for each detected chemical. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely acute adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for acute adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first-tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, “*when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR’s specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site*”³. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a specific or cumulative set of chemical(s) being higher than its reference level (RL) does NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but does indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated acute risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute RL (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from 1-hour rolling average concentrations of each chemical for the entire measurement time in an individual CCND neighborhood. The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) acute risk levels and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure guideline levels. If the chemical was not listed by CDPHE, a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of RLs was used⁴. For chemical isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated the lowest, most health-protective RL of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation

$$HQ = EC/RL$$

Where:

HQ = Hazard Quotient

EC = Maximum 1-hour rolling average air concentration

RL = Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA and TCEQ)

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected chemicals were calculated by adding together each individual chemical’s HQ calculated for a given neighborhood. The sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured chemicals exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

³[https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20\(MRLs\)](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20(MRLs))

⁴ <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtiQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view>

An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations⁵. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these RLs, these values “are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive.”⁶ This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties and variabilities in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

Using the maximum 1-hour rolling average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the monitored neighborhood and breathes the maximum 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). A 1-hour average concentration is more appropriate than a 1-second or 1-minute concentration for use in an acute health risk assessment. This is because 1-second exposures to the chemicals measured in this study do not cause adverse effects unless the levels are extremely high (i.e., tens of thousands to millions of ppb). Guidance values for use in emergency situations with extremely elevated levels of these chemicals are available and are discussed below. Across all neighborhoods, 42,892 1-hour rolling averages of chemical concentrations were calculated to derive the estimated ECs (Table 2-2). The range between the average and maximum rolling 1-hour average values provides a robust estimate of plausible outdoor exposures of persons occupying the monitored neighborhood while the mobile monitoring van was present (Figures 3-1 to 3-6).

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGs). Unlike RLs that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGs values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, “AEG-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEG, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEG [i.e., AEG-2 or AEG-3].”⁷ The AEG-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable chemical, was also used for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEG-2 or AEG-3) as the AEG-1 level reflects protecting against acute health effects that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.

⁵ USEPA. 2004. Air Toxics Risk Assessment Reference Library. Volume 1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards Research Triangle Park, NC. EPA-453-K-04-001A

⁶ <https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls/index.html#:~:text=ATSDR%20uses%20the%20no%20observed,to%20such%20substance%2Dinduced%20effects.>

⁷ <https://www.epa.gov/aegl/about-acute-exposure-guideline-levels-aegls>

3.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

3.1 Summary of Mobile Monitoring Van Results

A summary of mobile monitoring van results by neighborhood can be found in Table 2-2. Over four days, six neighborhoods were monitored for 65 chemicals, collecting more than 64,054 total data points. Individual neighborhood results are detailed in Figures 3-1 through 3-6. Each figure shows a map of the monitoring locations within each neighborhood, the chemicals that resulted in the five highest calculated acute HQs and time profiles of the measured levels of these chemicals. The time profiles show all the 1-second data (orange) and calculated 1-hour rolling averages (green) of the monitoring data. Each green 1-hour average data point shown in these profiles reflects all the 1-second measurements collected over the previous hour. Thus, 1-hour rolling average values are shown on the time profiles only after one hour of data collection (Figure 3-1 through 3-6).

Wind roses for each sampling day are provided in Appendix B. The data used to derive the wind roses were collected from the CCND community sensor location most local to the neighborhood being monitored on each day because the stationary source of MET data is more reliable than the MET station on the mobile monitoring van when the lab is moving.

3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

Acute health risks were calculated for each neighborhood. According to USEPA guidelines, an acute HQ or HI less than or equal to one (1) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any acute adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

Maximum 1-hour rolling average concentrations for 65 chemicals measured in each neighborhood were compared to acute RLs to derive HQs. Figures 3-1 through 3-6 show concentrations of chemicals over the sampling time and summaries of results for chemicals resulting in the five highest HQs by neighborhood (if available). The estimated HI values (if available) shown in Figures 3-1 through 3-6 were calculated by summing the HQs of all detected chemicals measured in a given neighborhood. If any measured chemical resulted in a HQ greater than 1, then a separate figure would be shown for that chemical alone. Complete results for HQs for all chemicals detected in each neighborhood are available in Appendix C.

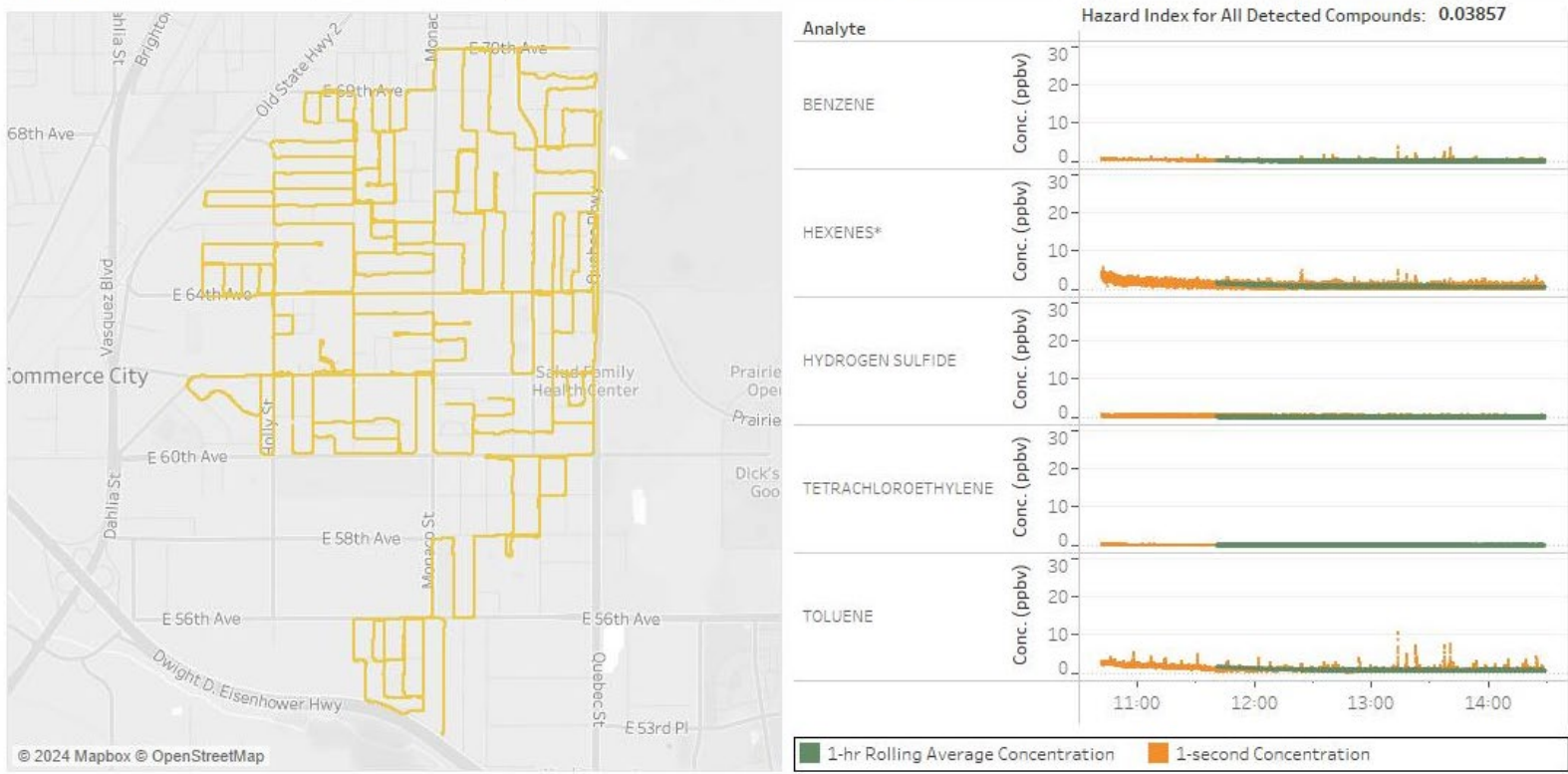
In conclusion, the data collected during this study phase did not indicate a potential for acute adverse health effects from exposure to the measured chemicals, both individually and combined.

- All HQs were less than one for all detected chemicals, indicating that the maximum 1-hour rolling average concentration for each chemical was below its respective acute RL in all six neighborhoods (Figure 3-1 through 3-6).
- In this quarter, benzene, tetrachloroethylene, hydrogen sulfide, hexene group, toluene, trimethylbenzene group, and xylenes were the chemicals or isomer groupings resulting in the highest HQ in each neighborhood, accounting for over 80% of the total calculated HI values. However, all HI values calculated in all six neighborhoods were below one (Figures 3-1 through 3-6).

- These results indicate that the measured concentrations of chemicals, both individually and cumulative (combined), are likely to be without an appreciable risk of acute adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

FIGURE 3-1
PIONEER PARK NEIGHBORHOOD: September 9, 2024

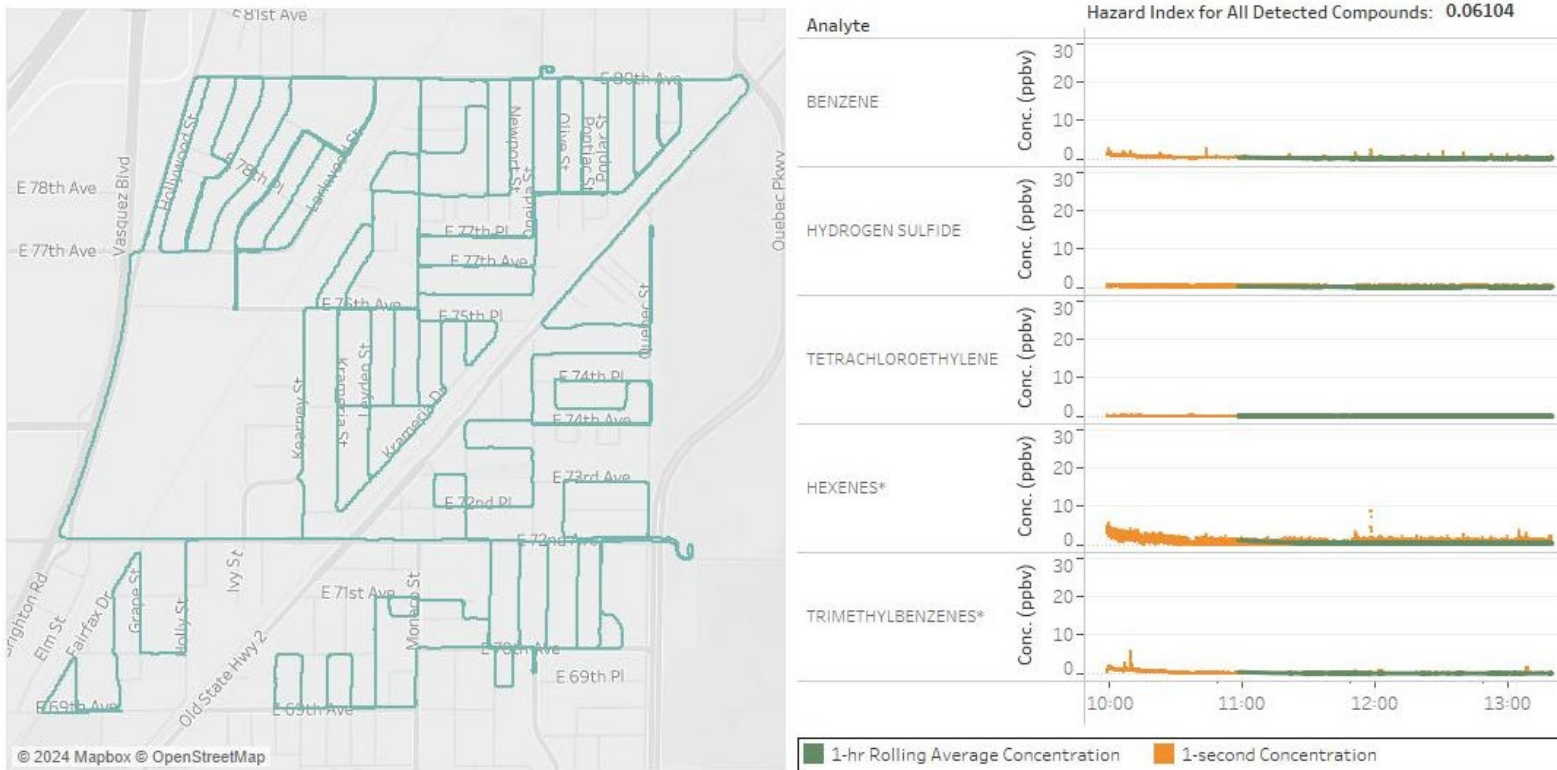
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	3.69	10,049	0.10	0.22	52,000	9	0.02447
HEXENES*	5.42	10,049	0.84	1.65	NR	500	0.00330
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.74	10,049	0.15	0.19	510	70	0.00277
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.07	10,049	0.00	0.02	35,000	6	0.00276
TOLUENE	10.50	10,049	0.86	1.71	67,000	2,000	0.00085



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

FIGURE 3-2
DUPONT NEIGHBORHOOD: September 10, 2024

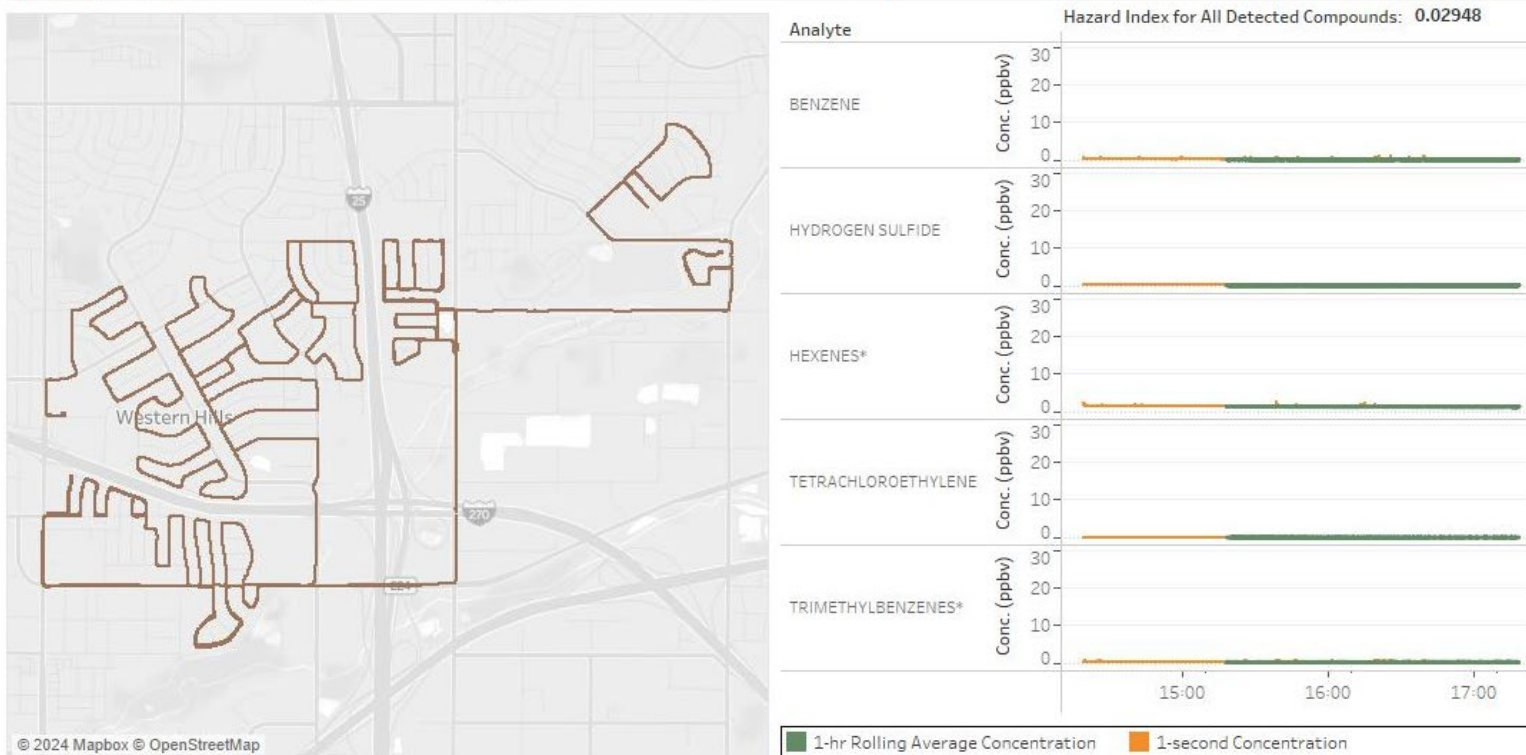
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	2.52	8,474	0.19	0.42	52,000	9	0.04659
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.77	8,474	0.18	0.25	510	70	0.00364
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.14	8,474	0.01	0.02	35,000	6	0.00284
HEXENES*	8.74	8,474	0.50	1.20	NR	500	0.00241
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	5.75	8,474	0.04	0.36	NR	250	0.00144



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

FIGURE 3-3
WESTERN HILLS NEIGHBORHOOD: September 30, 2024

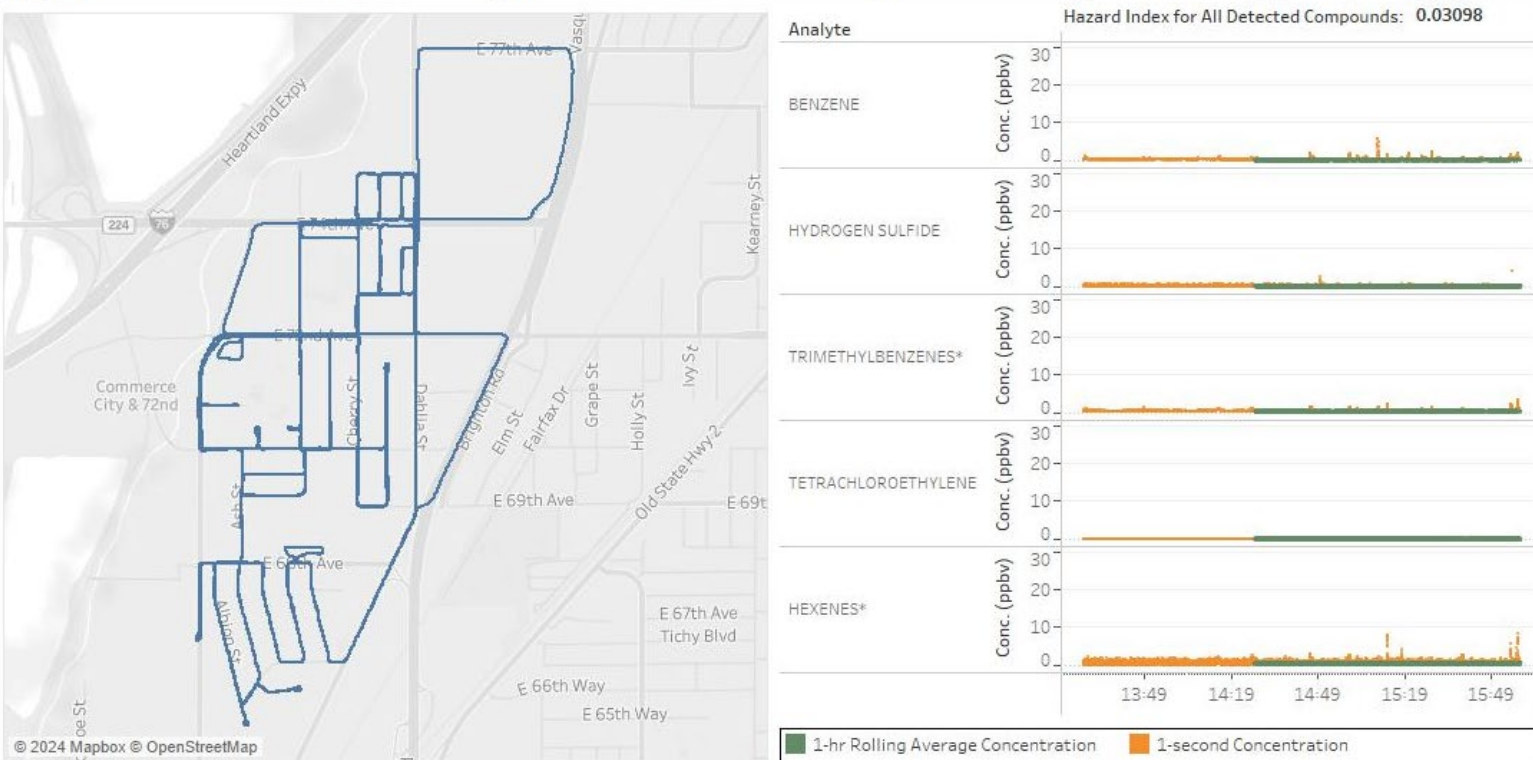
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	0.89	7,223	0.15	0.17	52,000	9	0.01933
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.26	7,223	0.19	0.20	510	70	0.00280
HEXENES*	2.37	7,223	1.37	1.39	NR	500	0.00279
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.01	7,223	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00121
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	0.74	7,223	0.28	0.30	NR	250	0.00118



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

FIGURE 3-4
ADAMS CITY NEIGHBORHOOD: September 10, 2024

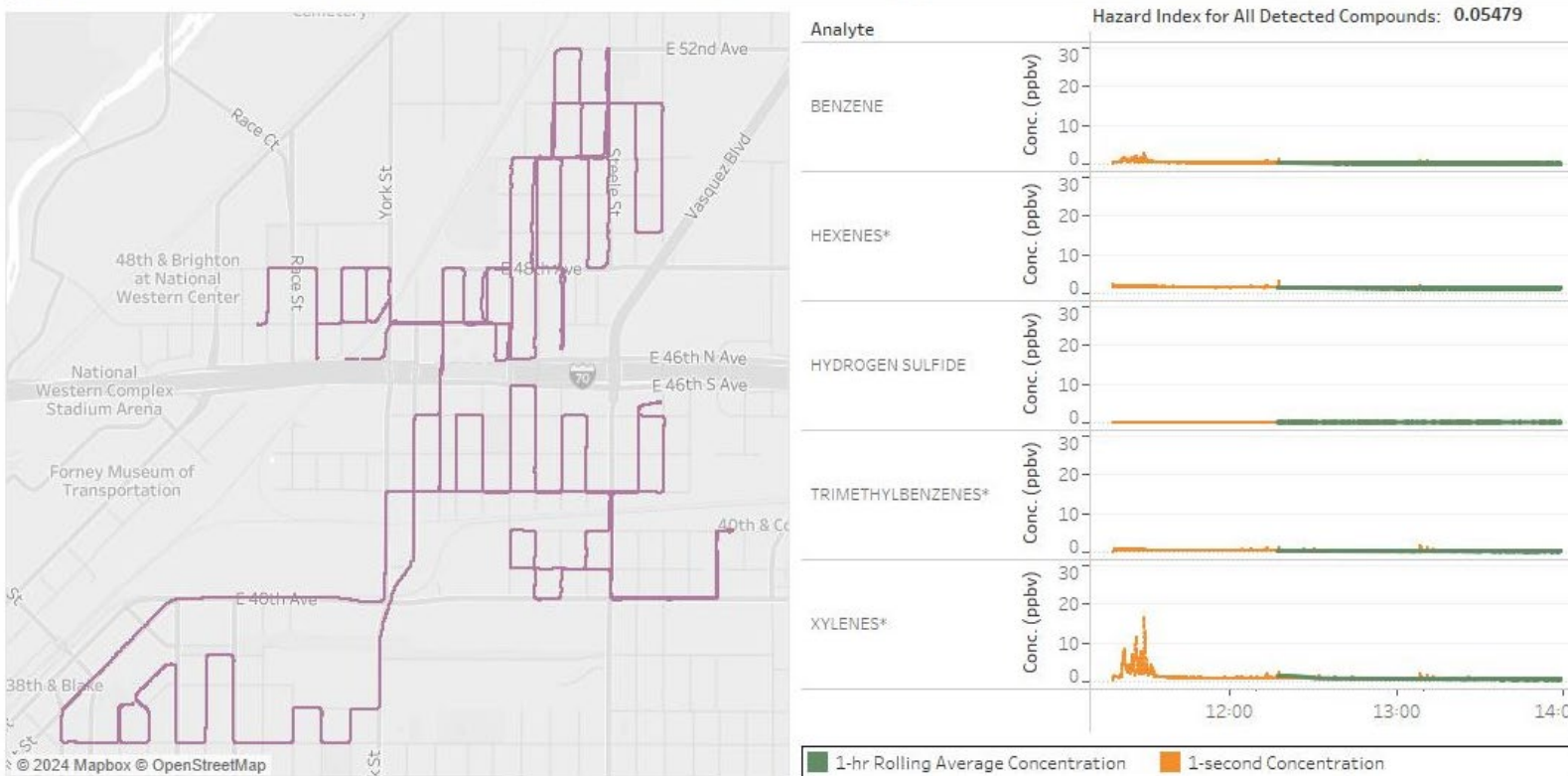
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	5.71	5,513	0.16	0.19	52,000	9	0.02128
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	4.05	5,513	0.13	0.16	510	70	0.00235
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	3.33	5,513	0.38	0.42	NR	250	0.00168
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.05	5,513	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00162
HEXENES*	8.35	5,513	0.49	0.52	NR	500	0.00103



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

FIGURE 3-5
ELYRIA-SWANSEA NEIGHBORHOOD: September 30, 2024

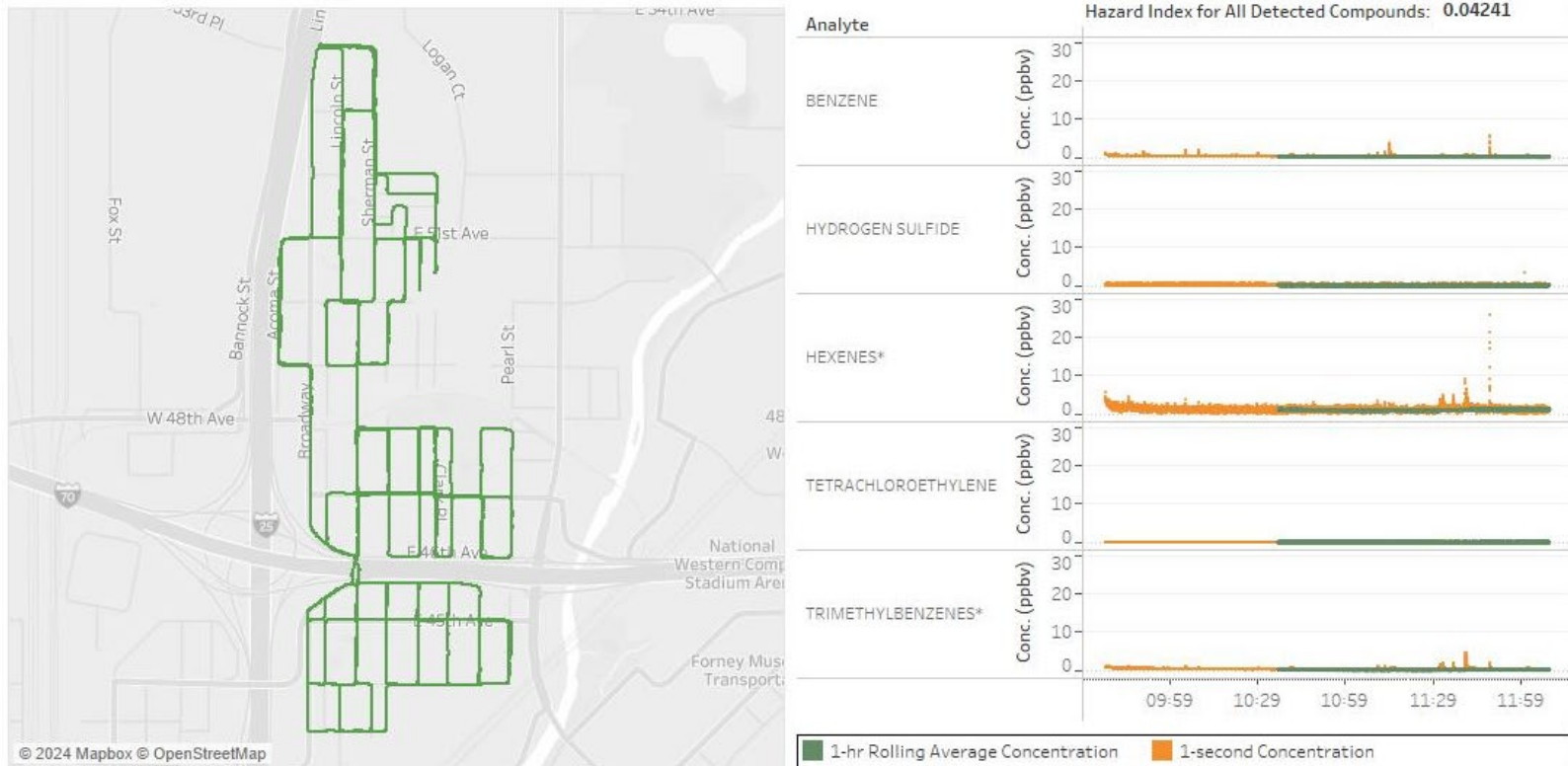
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 160-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	2.75	6,088	0.21	0.39	52,000	9	0.04348
HEXENES*	3.08	6,088	1.48	1.57	NR	500	0.00313
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.21	6,088	0.19	0.19	510	70	0.00279
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	1.55	6,088	0.37	0.43	NR	250	0.00173
XYLENES*	16.47	6,088	0.84	1.58	130,000	2,000	0.00079



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

FIGURE 3-6
GLOBEVILLE NEIGHBORHOOD: September 11, 2024

Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	5.55	5,545	0.24	0.28	52,000	9	0.03105
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	3.45	5,545	0.18	0.20	510	70	0.00279
HEXENES*	25.95	5,545	1.05	1.20	NR	500	0.00239
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.15	5,545	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00142
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	4.31	5,545	0.22	0.29	NR	250	0.00116



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". *For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments. Therefore, the acute hazard estimates presented in this assessment are estimates of risk due to a number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity. This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures and conservative selection of lowest reference value per isomer). Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain but likely to be over-estimates of actual risk.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to all potential sources.

3.4 Program Changes

The PTR mass spectrometer experienced technical difficulties on Wednesday, September 11 2024. The PTR was replaced and testing began on Monday, September 30 2024.

Respectfully Submitted:



Steven Yuchs, PhD.
Vice President, Technical
Ambient & Emerging Technology
Montrose Air Quality Services



Michael Lumpkin, PhD, DABT
Senior Toxicologist
CTEH®, LLC

APPENDIX A ISOMER CHEMICAL SAMPLING DETAILS

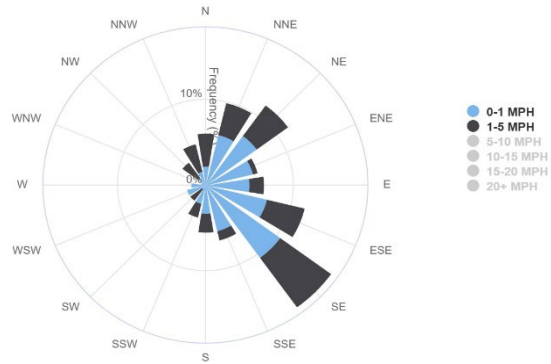
In a real-time PTR-TOF analysis, it is not possible to speciate isomers, or chemical compounds that have the same molecular weight. For example, n-hexane, 2-methyl pentane and 2,2-dimethyl butane all have a molecular mass of 86.178 g/mol. In order to provide the most conservative determination of concentration during this mapping program, each isomer's concentration is reported as the sum of all isomers with the same molecular weight. For the sake of simplicity, the calculations in the report refer to generic names for a group of specific isomers. The following table defines a simplified list of the many isomers that may comprise the generic groups reported.

Group Name	Specific Isomers	Group Name	Specific Isomers
<i>Butenes</i>	1-Butene cis-2-Butene trans-2-Butene	<i>Xylenes</i>	Ethyl Benzene o-Xylene m-Xylene p-Xylene
<i>Butanes</i>	iso-Butane n-Butane	<i>Dimethylcyclohexanes</i>	Ethylcyclohexane cis-1,3-Dimethylcyclohexane trans-1,2-Dimethylcyclohexane trans-1,3-Dimethylcyclohexane
<i>Cyclopentanes</i>	Cyclopentane 1-Pentene 2-Methyl-2-butene cis-2-Pentene trans-2-Pentene	<i>Octanes</i>	n-Octane 2-Methylheptane 3-Methylheptane 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane
<i>Pentanes</i>	iso-Pentane n-Pentane neo-Pentane	<i>Trimethylbenzenes</i>	Cumene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene o-Ethyltoluene m-Ethyltoluene p-Ethyltoluene n-Propylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
<i>Hexenes</i>	1-Hexene Cyclohexane Methylcyclopentane	<i>Diethylbenzenes</i>	o-Diethylbenzene m-Diethylbenzene p-Diethylbenzene All other C ₁₀ H ₁₄ Isomers
<i>Hexanes</i>	n-Hexane 2-Methylpentane 3-Methylpentane 2,2-Dimethylbutane 2,3-Dimethylbutane		
<i>Heptanes</i>	n-Heptane 2-Methylhexane 3-Methylhexane 2,3-Dimethylpentane 2,4-Dimethylpentane		

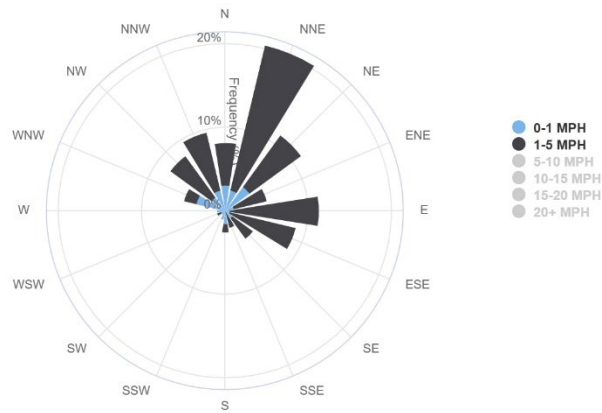
APPENDIX B DAILY WIND ROSES

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

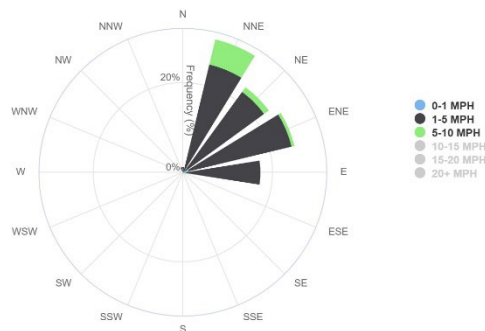
Wind Rose | Pioneer Park (CM7) 10:40am – 2:28pm, September 9, 2024



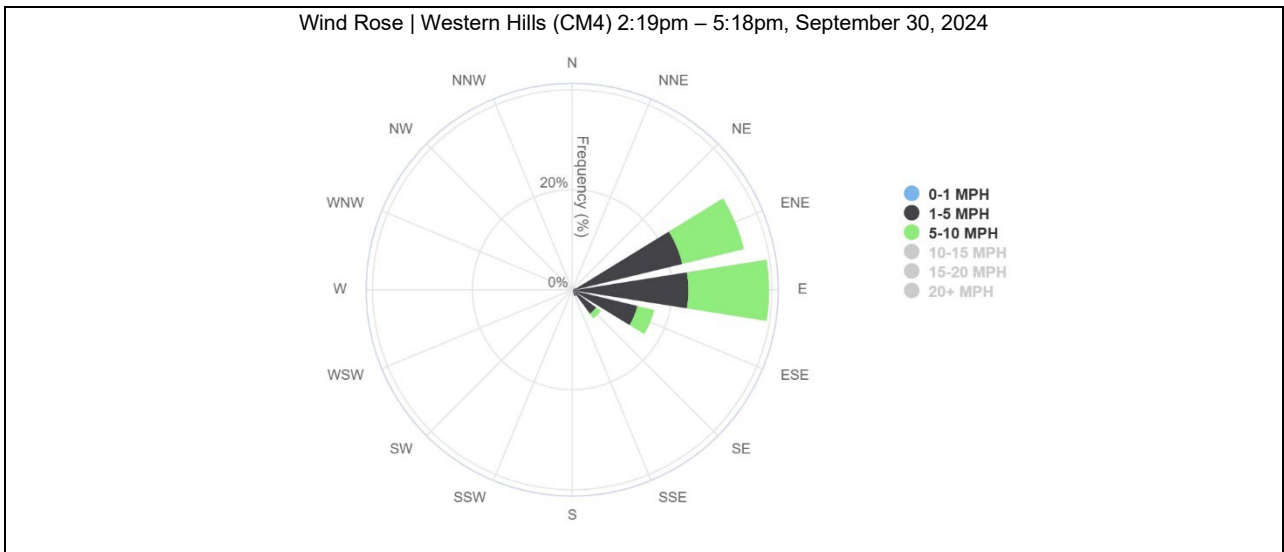
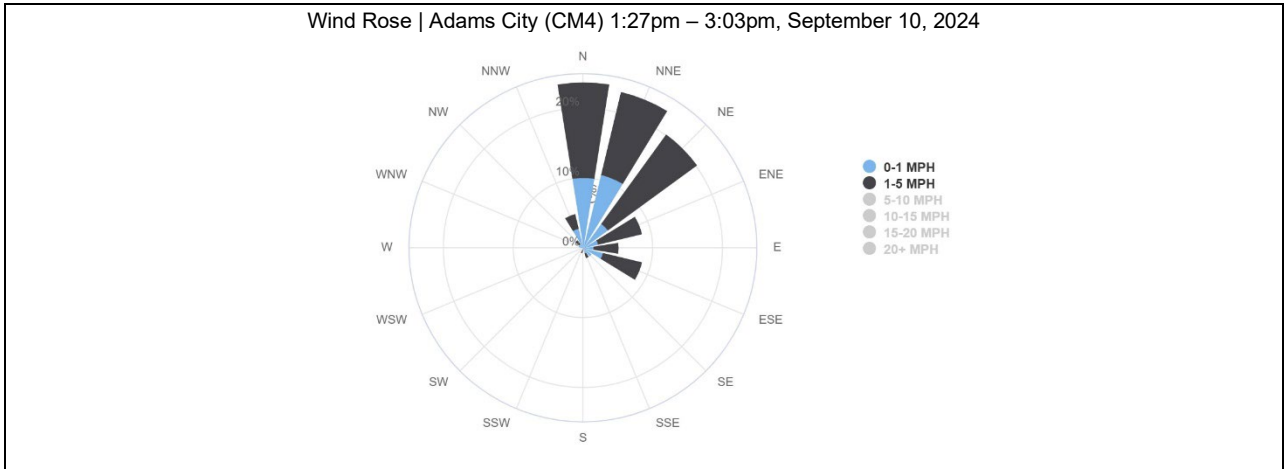
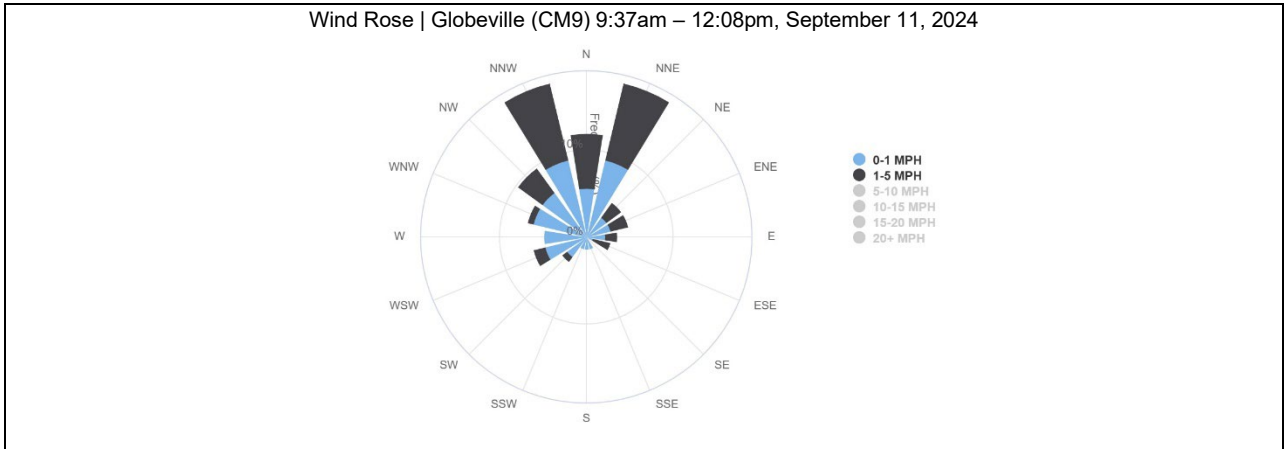
Wind Rose | Dupont (CM3) 9:59am – 1:19pm, September 10, 2024



Wind Rose | Elyria-Swansea (CM9) 11:18am – 1:58pm, September 30, 2024



CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3



APPENDIX C
SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT DETAILS
(ALPHABETICAL ORDER BY NEIGHBORHOOD NAME)

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Adams City Neighborhood | September 10, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	9,040	0.19	5,513	0.02	0.03	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00009
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	9,040	0.85	5,513	0.15	0.17	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	9,040	5.71	5,513	0.16	0.19	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02128
BUTANES*	75-28-5	9,040	29.60	5,513	3.06	3.18	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00010
BUTENES*	590-18-1	9,040	17.95	5,513	1.23	1.30	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00009
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	9,040	0.08	5,513	0.02	0.02	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00001
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	9,040	20.23	5,513	2.47	2.56	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00043
DECANES	124-18-5	9,040	0.09	5,513	0.01	0.02	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	9,040	0.12	5,513	0.03	0.04	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00009
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	9,040	0.12	5,513	0.05	0.05	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	9,040	0.01	5,513	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	9,040	45.74	5,513	5.88	5.90	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	9,040	0.23	5,513	0.12	0.13	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXANES*	110-54-3	9,040	0.21	5,513	0.09	0.09	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXENES*	592-41-6	9,040	8.35	5,513	0.49	0.52	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00103
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	9,040	2.32	5,513	0.12	0.20	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00066
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	9,040	4.05	5,513	0.13	0.16	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00235
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	9,040	0.83	5,513	0.27	0.29	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00021
METHANOL	67-56-1	9,040	46.70	5,513	3.05	3.38	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00016
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	9,040	0.15	5,513	0.04	0.05	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
NONANES	111-84-2	9,040	0.11	5,513	0.06	0.06	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
OCTANES*	111-65-9	9,040	0.37	5,513	0.10	0.10	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
PENTANES*	109-66-0	9,040	0.44	5,513	0.29	0.29	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	9,040	6.29	5,513	0.45	0.50	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	9,040	0.34	5,513	0.10	0.11	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00002
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	9,040	0.05	5,513	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00162
TOLUENE	108-88-3	9,040	15.23	5,513	1.06	1.21	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00060
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	9,040	3.33	5,513	0.38	0.42	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00168
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	9,040	0.07	5,513	0.01	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	9,040	16.53	5,513	0.55	0.76	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00038
Hazard Index										0.03098

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Dupont Neighborhood | September 10, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	12,001	0.23	8,474	0.01	0.02	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00007
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	12,001	2.84	8,474	0.25	0.48	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
BENZENE	71-43-2	12,001	2.52	8,474	0.19	0.42	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.04659
BUTANES*	75-28-5	12,001	14.32	8,474	2.55	3.93	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
BUTENES*	590-18-1	12,001	18.64	8,474	1.46	2.97	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00020
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	12,001	0.06	8,474	0.01	0.01	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	12,001	41.93	8,474	1.89	4.16	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00070
DECANES	124-18-5	12,001	0.16	8,474	0.02	0.04	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	12,001	0.22	8,474	0.09	0.11	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00025
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	12,001	0.20	8,474	0.05	0.07	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00002
DODECANES	112-40-3	12,001	0.01	8,474	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	12,001	30.50	8,474	7.14	7.22	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	12,001	0.31	8,474	0.10	0.12	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	12,001	0.46	8,474	0.18	0.22	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
HEXENES*	592-41-6	12,001	8.74	8,474	0.50	1.20	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00241
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	12,001	0.88	8,474	0.13	0.19	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00062
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	12,001	0.77	8,474	0.18	0.25	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00364
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	12,001	1.11	8,474	0.16	0.29	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00021
METHANOL	67-56-1	12,001	6.35	8,474	1.08	1.79	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00008
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	12,001	0.88	8,474	0.06	0.09	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	12,001	0.19	8,474	0.01	0.03	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	12,001	0.37	8,474	0.05	0.12	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
PENTANES*	109-66-0	12,001	0.84	8,474	0.50	0.51	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	12,001	13.44	8,474	0.39	1.04	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	12,001	0.24	8,474	0.03	0.05	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	12,001	0.14	8,474	0.01	0.02	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00284
TOLUENE	108-88-3	12,001	6.94	8,474	0.52	1.48	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00074
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	12,001	5.75	8,474	0.04	0.36	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00144
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	12,001	0.12	8,474	0.01	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	12,001	27.00	8,474	0.49	1.73	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00086
Hazard Index										0.06104

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Elyria-Swansea Neighborhood | September 30, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	9,615	0.09	6,088	0.01	0.01	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00004
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	9,615	0.23	6,088	0.12	0.13	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	9,615	2.75	6,088	0.21	0.39	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.04348
BUTANES*	75-28-5	9,615	7.71	6,088	2.98	3.38	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00010
BUTENES*	590-18-1	9,615	15.55	6,088	1.19	1.51	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00010
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	9,615	0.03	6,088	0.00	0.01	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	9,615	6.16	6,088	2.02	2.45	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00042
DECANES	124-18-5	9,615	0.16	6,088	0.03	0.07	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00007
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	9,615	0.28	6,088	0.10	0.14	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00032
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	9,615	0.18	6,088	0.04	0.05	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	9,615	0.01	6,088	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	9,615	13.48	6,088	5.90	6.15	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	9,615	0.09	6,088	0.05	0.05	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	9,615	0.44	6,088	0.12	0.14	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
HEXENES*	592-41-6	9,615	3.08	6,088	1.48	1.57	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00313
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	9,615	0.25	6,088	0.14	0.15	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00048
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	9,615	0.21	6,088	0.19	0.19	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00279
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	9,615	0.24	6,088	0.13	0.17	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
METHANOL	67-56-1	9,615	5.53	6,088	2.80	2.99	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00014
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	9,615	0.17	6,088	0.09	0.10	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	9,615	0.19	6,088	0.07	0.09	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
OCTANES*	111-65-9	9,615	0.15	6,088	0.06	0.07	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
PENTANES*	109-66-0	9,615	3.56	6,088	0.16	0.31	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	9,615	18.84	6,088	0.57	0.74	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	9,615	0.13	6,088	0.04	0.05	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	9,615	0.01	6,088	0.00	0.00	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00044
TOLUENE	108-88-3	9,615	2.49	6,088	0.74	0.77	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00038
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	9,615	1.55	6,088	0.37	0.43	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00173
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	9,615	0.10	6,088	0.06	0.07	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	9,615	16.47	6,088	0.84	1.58	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00079
Hazard Index										0.05479

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Globeville Neighborhood | September 11, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	9,072	0.20	5,545	0.01	0.02	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00006
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	9,072	1.15	5,545	0.20	0.23	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	9,072	5.55	5,545	0.24	0.28	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.03105
BUTANES*	75-28-5	9,072	420.27	5,545	4.87	5.36	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00016
BUTENES*	590-18-1	9,072	51.75	5,545	1.70	1.99	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00013
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	9,072	0.07	5,545	0.01	0.01	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00001
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	9,072	127.33	5,545	2.92	3.35	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00057
DECANES	124-18-5	9,072	0.26	5,545	0.11	0.12	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	9,072	0.36	5,545	0.05	0.05	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	9,072	0.21	5,545	0.06	0.06	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00002
DODECANES	112-40-3	9,072	0.02	5,545	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	9,072	36.22	5,545	5.74	5.81	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	9,072	0.24	5,545	0.12	0.13	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXANES*	110-54-3	9,072	0.35	5,545	0.19	0.19	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
HEXENES*	592-41-6	9,072	25.95	5,545	1.05	1.20	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00239
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	9,072	2.43	5,545	0.13	0.17	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00055
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	9,072	3.45	5,545	0.18	0.20	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00279
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	9,072	1.99	5,545	0.25	0.28	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00020
METHANOL	67-56-1	9,072	9.35	5,545	5.84	5.88	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00028
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	9,072	0.24	5,545	0.06	0.06	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	9,072	0.21	5,545	0.06	0.07	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
OCTANES*	111-65-9	9,072	0.23	5,545	0.05	0.06	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	9,072	0.53	5,545	0.22	0.23	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	9,072	32.28	5,545	0.76	0.86	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	9,072	0.81	5,545	0.06	0.07	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	9,072	0.15	5,545	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00142
TOLUENE	108-88-3	9,072	18.66	5,545	0.82	0.91	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00046
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	9,072	4.31	5,545	0.22	0.29	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00116
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	9,072	0.15	5,545	0.07	0.08	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00014
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	9,072	60.39	5,545	1.14	1.28	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00064
Hazard Index										0.04241

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Pioneer Park Neighborhood | September 9, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	13,576	0.25	10,049	0.02	0.04	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00013
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	13,576	2.07	10,049	0.09	0.14	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	13,576	3.69	10,049	0.10	0.22	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02447
BUTANES*	75-28-5	13,576	150.16	10,049	2.38	3.74	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00011
BUTENES*	590-18-1	13,576	13.91	10,049	1.66	3.61	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00024
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	13,576	0.08	10,049	0.01	0.02	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00001
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	13,576	16.83	10,049	1.24	5.02	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00085
DECANES	124-18-5	13,576	0.30	10,049	0.10	0.16	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00016
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	13,576	0.24	10,049	0.02	0.05	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00011
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	13,576	0.20	10,049	0.05	0.08	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00002
DODECANES	112-40-3	13,576	0.01	10,049	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	13,576	29.27	10,049	5.98	6.05	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	13,576	0.28	10,049	0.06	0.10	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	13,576	0.54	10,049	0.22	0.28	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00005
HEXENES*	592-41-6	13,576	5.42	10,049	0.84	1.65	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00330
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	13,576	0.90	10,049	0.16	0.20	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00066
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	13,576	0.74	10,049	0.15	0.19	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00277
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	13,576	1.50	10,049	0.19	0.53	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00038
METHANOL	67-56-1	13,576	9.20	10,049	3.29	3.61	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00017
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	13,576	0.31	10,049	0.13	0.17	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
NONANES	111-84-2	13,576	0.12	10,049	0.01	0.03	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	13,576	0.28	10,049	0.12	0.16	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
PENTANES*	109-66-0	13,576	0.67	10,049	0.38	0.40	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	13,576	4.93	10,049	0.15	0.56	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	13,576	0.24	10,049	0.03	0.07	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	13,576	0.07	10,049	0.00	0.02	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00276
TOLUENE	108-88-3	13,576	10.50	10,049	0.86	1.71	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00085
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	13,576	2.64	10,049	0.07	0.19	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00077
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	13,576	0.21	10,049	0.07	0.10	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00019
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	13,576	12.73	10,049	0.36	0.84	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00042
Hazard Index										0.03857

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment
Western Hills Neighborhood | September 30, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	10,750	0.08	7,223	0.00	0.01	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00002
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	10,750	0.24	7,223	0.12	0.13	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	10,750	0.89	7,223	0.15	0.17	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.01933
BUTANES*	75-28-5	10,750	10.09	7,223	1.95	2.28	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00007
BUTENES*	590-18-1	10,750	8.43	7,223	1.70	1.78	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	10,750	0.02	7,223	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	10,750	5.15	7,223	1.53	1.67	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00028
DECANES	124-18-5	10,750	0.11	7,223	0.02	0.03	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	10,750	0.10	7,223	0.06	0.07	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00015
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	10,750	0.07	7,223	0.03	0.03	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	10,750	0.01	7,223	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	10,750	20.99	7,223	7.27	7.51	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	10,750	0.07	7,223	0.04	0.04	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	10,750	0.35	7,223	0.09	0.10	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXENES*	592-41-6	10,750	2.37	7,223	1.37	1.39	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00279
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	10,750	0.28	7,223	0.13	0.13	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00043
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	10,750	0.26	7,223	0.19	0.20	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00280
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	10,750	0.18	7,223	0.09	0.10	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00007
METHANOL	67-56-1	10,750	13.09	7,223	3.38	3.47	530,000	21,366	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00016
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	10,750	0.10	7,223	0.08	0.08	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	10,750	0.14	7,223	0.05	0.06	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
OCTANES*	111-65-9	10,750	0.14	7,223	0.04	0.05	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	10,750	0.96	7,223	0.32	0.34	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	10,750	4.41	7,223	0.32	0.35	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	10,750	0.09	7,223	0.03	0.03	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	10,750	0.01	7,223	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00121
TOLUENE	108-88-3	10,750	2.24	7,223	0.62	0.67	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00034
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	10,750	0.74	7,223	0.28	0.30	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00118
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	10,750	0.07	7,223	0.04	0.05	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00009
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	10,750	2.69	7,223	0.52	0.56	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00028
Hazard Index										0.02948

APPENDIX D PTR CALIBRATION AND QA/QC DATA

Notable Sampling Events During Test Program

9-9-24 Pioneer Park Neighborhood

- 1:13 PM Niagara x 61st, BTEX intersection
- 1:18 PM Monaco x 62nd, BTEX intersection
- 1:37 PM Grape x 60th, BTEX, Hexene, traffic
- 1:40 PM Forest x 60th, Toluene, unknown

9-10-24 Dupont Neighborhood

- 11:58 AM Oneida x 77th, Hexenes, BTEX intersection
- 1:05 PM Ivanhoe x 72nd, Hexenes, Trimethylbenzenes, construction equipment

9-10-24 Adams City Neighborhood

- 3:13 PM Cherry x 73rd, BTEX, hexenes, behind garbage truck
- 3:52 PM 72nd x Deliah, Hexenes, Benzene, Trimethylbenzenes, intersection

9-11-24 Globeville Neighborhood

- 11: 14 AM Acoma x 49th, Benzene, hexenes, by highway
- 11: 41 AM Logan x 51st, Hexenes, Trimethylbenzenes, construction equipment
- 11:53 AM Clark x 47th, Hexenes, Trimethylbenzenes, construction equipment
- 12:00 PM 46th x Pennsylvania, Xylene peaks, unknown

9-30-24 Western Hills Neighborhood

no notable events

9-30-24 Elyria-Swansea Neighborhoods

- 11:25 AM York x 46th, xylenes, benzene, trimethylbenzenes, construction equipment
- 12:08 AM St Paul x 47th, BTEX, hexenes, intersection traffic

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

CCND Community Monitoring 3rd Quarter 2024
PTR Operating Conditions Screenshots
Initial Calibrations 9/8/24

Setting		Odor		
Primary Ion		H3O+		
Transmission		DC		
		Man/Ctrl		Ctrl
PC	353.0			352.97 mbar
p Drift	2.30			2.29 mbar
TofLens				6.75E-5 mbar
TOF				1.14E-6 mbar
E/N				157.9 111.2 Td
Temps	80.00 °C			79.90 °C
SrcValve	50.0			
H2O	6.0			6.00 sccm
O2	0.0			0.00 sccm
NO	0.0			0.00 sccm
Ihc	4			4.0 mA
		On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0			59.97 sccm
U	FU	°C	↔	↔
Us	150			145.3 V
Uso	80			78.6 V
Udrift	525			526.1 V

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

TPS Applied Medical 5-29-24 *Changed*

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	79.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 μ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	102 μ A
Ref. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	76 μ A
Ref. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 μ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 μ A
MCP B	2500	2394.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	216 μ A

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	69.4V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

TOF Lenses and Hex Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Defined Peaks

	Mass	Value	Unit	
	Pentenes[H+]	71.08553	2.49E+4	ccps ^
✓	Pentanes[O2]	72.08000	2.69E+4	ccps
	Pentanes[H+]	73.16000	45.79	ccps
	Hexenes[O2]	84.16000	43.70	ccps
	Hexenes[H+]	85.10500	1.56E+4	ccps
✓	Hexanes[O2]	86.09000	2.19E+4	ccps
	Hexanes[H+]	87.11680	599.78	ccps
✓	Heptanes[O2]	100.12000	1.45E+4	ccps
	Heptanes[H+]	100.91130	33.81	ccps
	Dimethylcyclohe	112.21000	17.12	ccps
	Octanes[O2]	114.23000	13.04	ccps v

21 of 249 Peaks selected from
"5-20-24 Suncor Peak Table.ipta"

Instrument

DataCollection v

Description	Value	Unit	
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	1000.000		^
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.503E+4		
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.283E+4		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000		v

Calculated




Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	4.927	%	^
O2+	6.283	%	
H3O+(H2O)	7.793	%	
PI	8.363E+7	ncps	
H3O+	81.00	%	v

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Acquisition ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms)

Extraction time (μs)


max Flighttime(μs)

Data Save Settings

Spec Trace Raw


Time Duration Single File Duration

Number of Files To Store










Add File Count Extension

New ACQ for new file



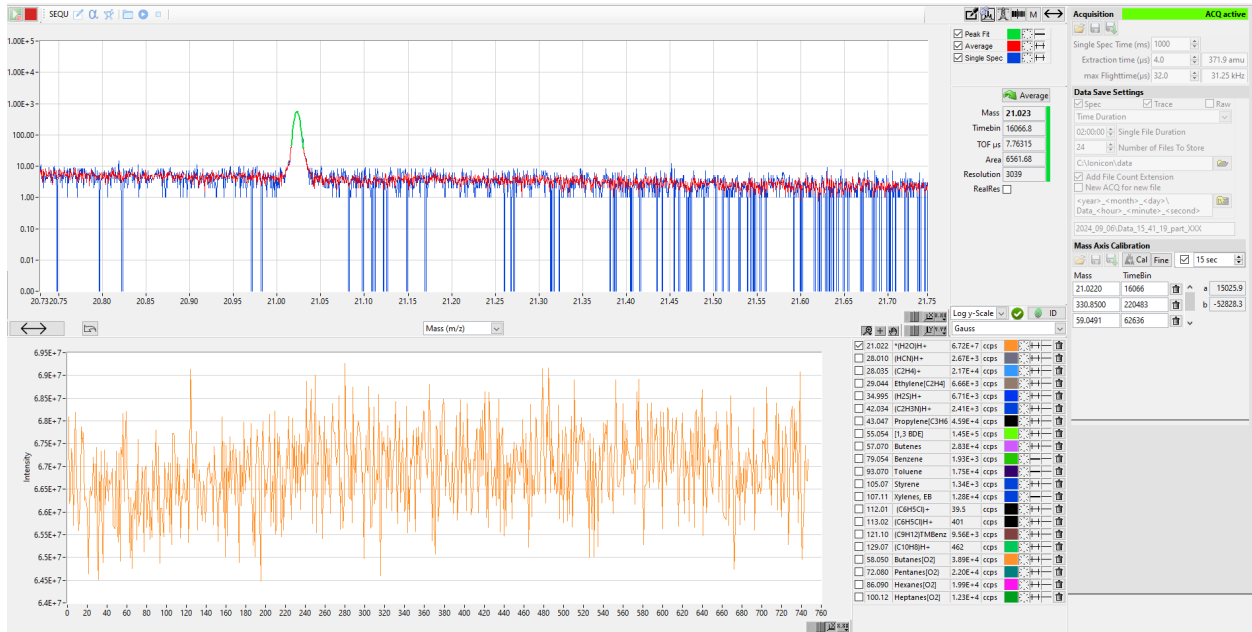
Mass Axis Calibration

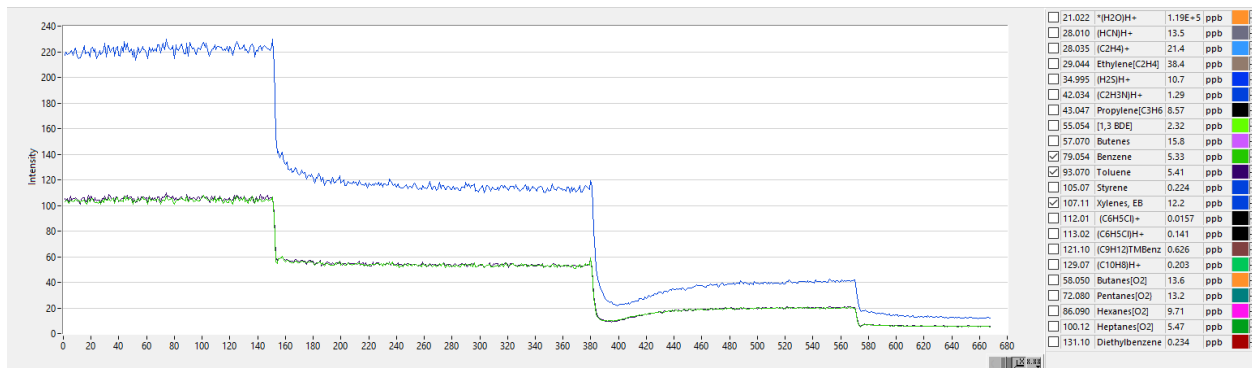
Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16066		^	a 15026
330.8500	220483			b -52829.1
59.0491	62635		v	

Acquisition Parameters

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3

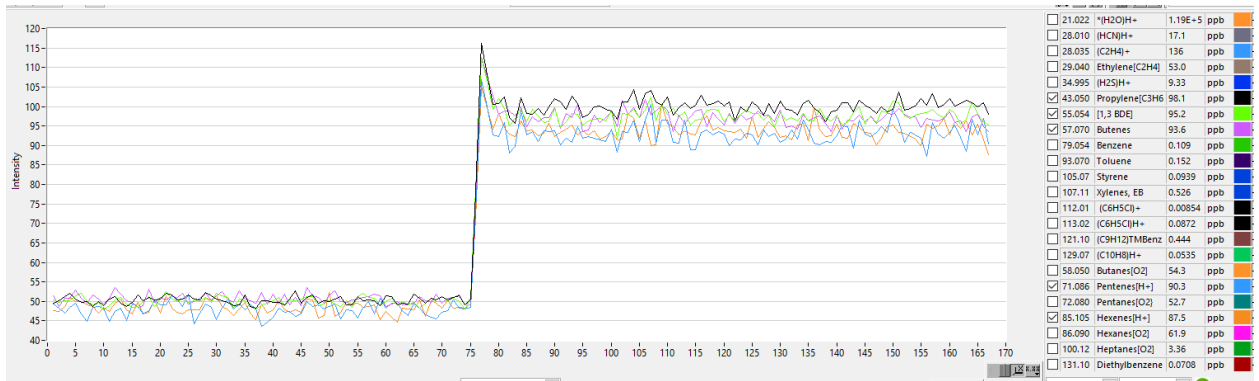


Hydronium Stability

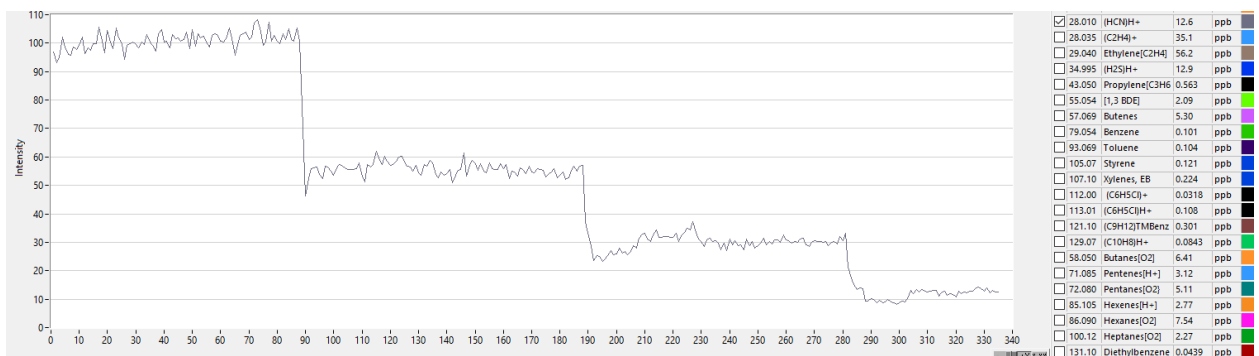


BTEX Initial Calibration 100, 50,20 and 5 ppb

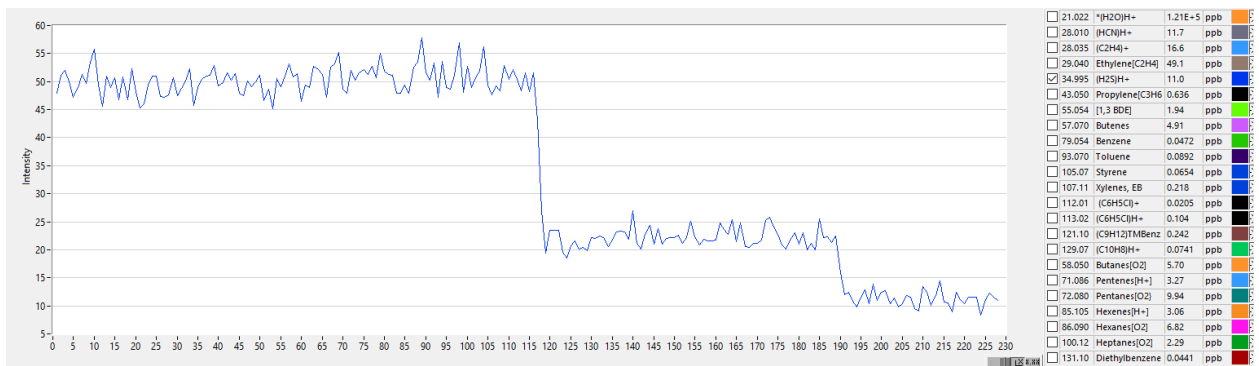
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



Alkenes

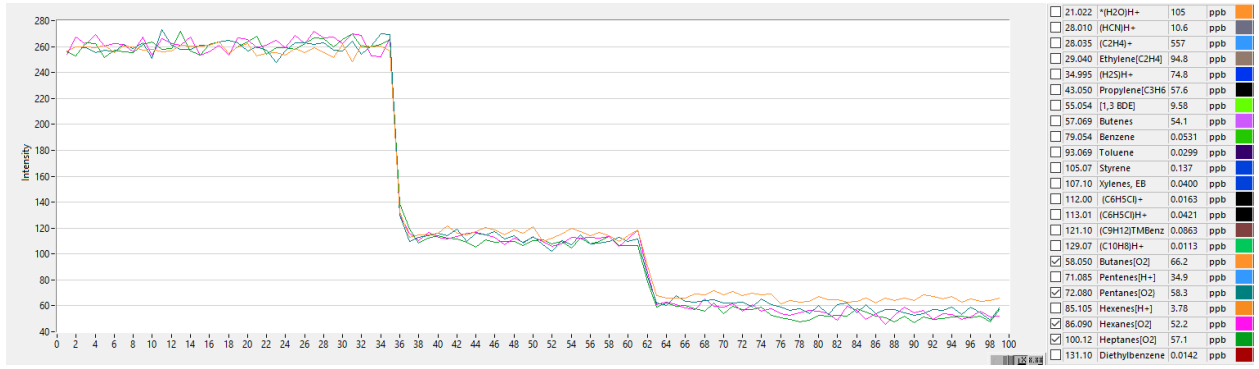


HCN 100, 50, 25, and 10 ppb



Hydrogen Sulfide 50, 20 and 10 ppb






CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



Alkanes 250, 100, 50 ppb

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

CCND Pioneer Park
9-9-24 PTR Parameters

 			
Setting	Odor	<input type="button" value="v"/>	
Primary Ion	H3O+	<input type="button" value="v"/>	
Transmission	DC	<input type="button" value="v"/>	
	Man/Ctrl		Ctrl
PC	351.6 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		351.62 mbar
p Drift	2.30 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		2.30 mbar
TofLens			6.65E-5 mbar
TOF			1.08E-6 mbar
E/N			157.1 110.6 Td
Temps	79.90 °C		80.20 °C
SrcValve	50.0 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		
H2O	6.0 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		6.00 sccm
O2	0.0 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		4.0 mA
	On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>		60.01 sccm
U	FU	°C	U€
	Us	150 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>	145.0 V
	Uso	80 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>	78.6 V
	Udrift	525 <input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>	526.1 V

Production Settings

TPS 9-8-24 TOF and Hex *Changed*

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 μ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 μ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	76 μ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 μ A
MCP F	5400	5136.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 μ A
MCP B	2500	2394.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	219 μ A

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	67.7V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

TOF and Hexapole and Lenses

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Defined Peaks

	Mass	Value	Unit	
* <chem>(NO)+</chem> i_18O	30.99450	1.84E+3	ppb	^
<chem>(CH2O)H+</chem>	31.01780	12.54	ppb	
* <chem>(O2)+</chem> [O2+]	31.98930	1.64E+3	ppb	
* <chem>(O2)+</chem>	32.99710	21.66	ppb	
<chem>(CH4O)H+</chem>	33.03400	11.37	ppb	
* <chem>(O2)+</chem> i_18O	33.99350	1.22E+4	ppb	
<chem>(CH4O)H+</chem> i_13C	34.03740	3.44	ppb	
✓ <chem>(H2S)H+</chem>	34.99550	7.91	ppb	
* <chem>(H2O)2H+</chem>	37.02840	429.24	ppb	
*b38.low	37.93300	611.25	ppb	
* <chem>(H2O)2H+</chem>	38.03260	1.05E+3	ppb	∨

23 of 249 Peaks selected from
"9-8-24 Peak Table Suncor.ipta"

Instrument

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit	
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	1000.000		^
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.503E+4		
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.283E+4		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000		∨

Calculated




Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	1.366	%	^
O2+	9.045	%	
H3O+(H2O)	1.029	%	
PI	8.110E+7	ncps	
H3O+	88.56	%	∨

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Acquisition ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000

Extraction time (μs) 4.0 371.8 amu


max Flighttime(μs) 32.0 31.25 kHz

Data Save Settings

Spec Trace Raw


Time Duration Single File Duration

24 Number of Files To Store

C:\lonicon\data 





Add File Count Extension




New ACQ for new file

<year>_<month>_<day>\
Data_<hour>_<minute>_<second> 

2024_09_06\Data_15_41_19_part_XXX

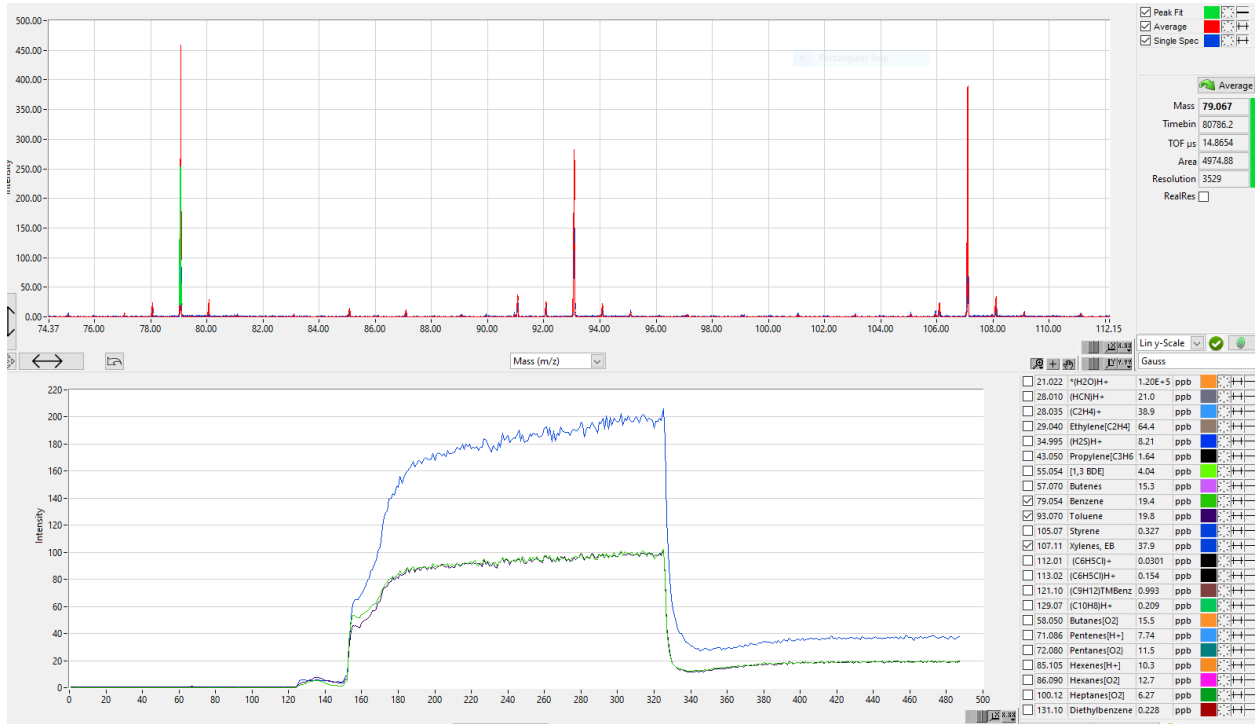
Mass Axis Calibration

    Cal Fine 15 sec

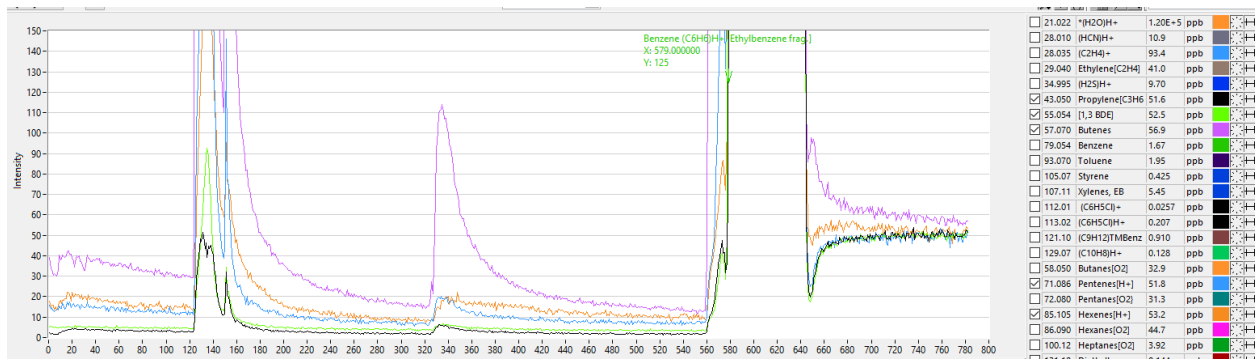
Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16070		^	a 15026.1
330.8500	220489			b -52825.7
59.0491	62639		↓	

Acquisition Parameters

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3

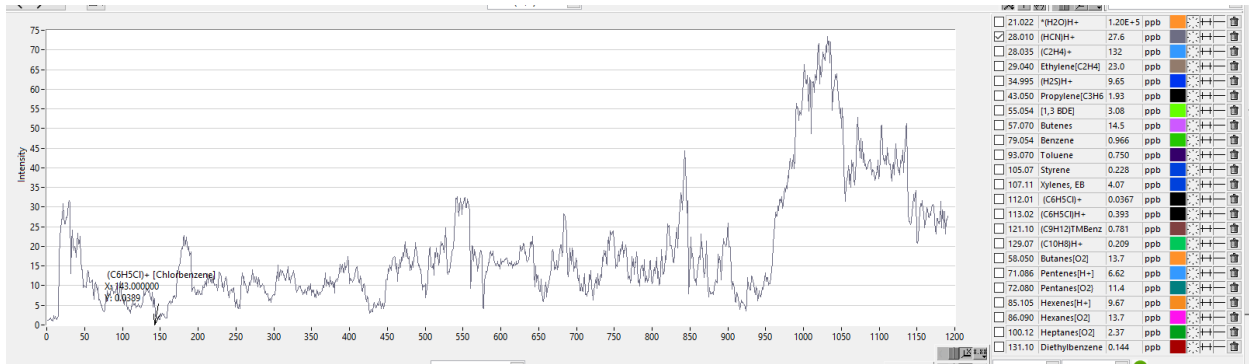


BTEX Cal Check 100, 20 ppb

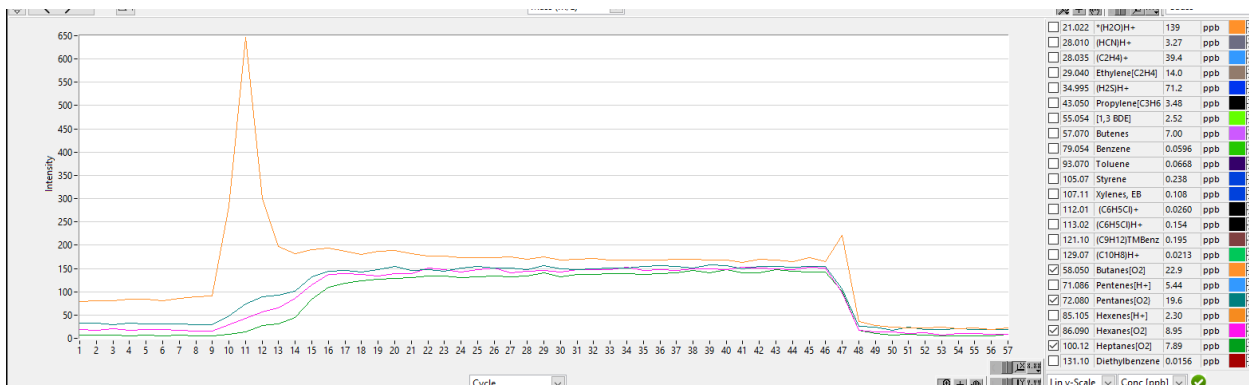


Alkenes 50 ppb Check

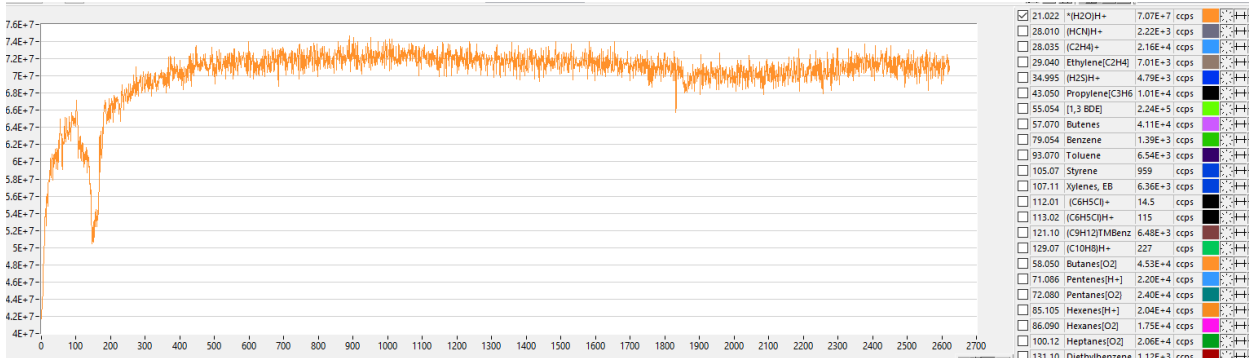
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



HCN 25 ppb

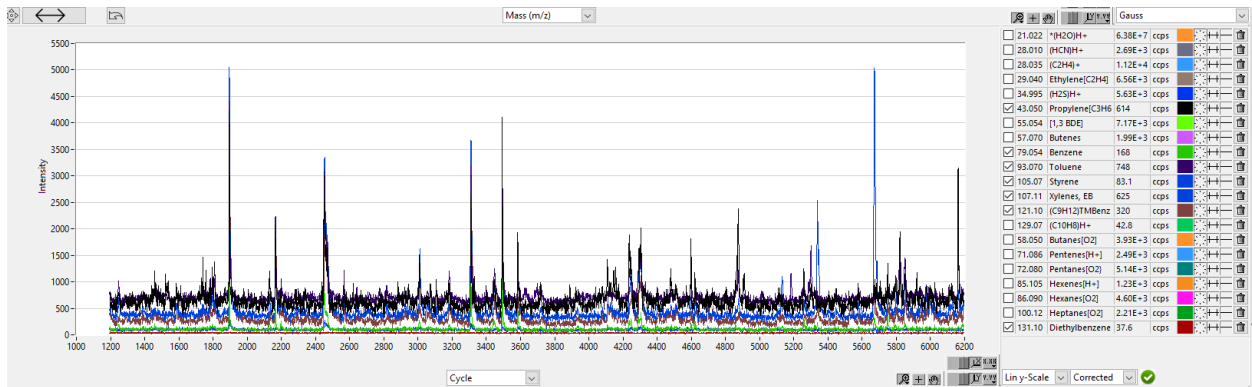


Alkanes 150 ppb



Hydronium Stability

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



Pioneer Park raw data 9/9/24

9/9/24 post cal

Setting	Odor			
Primary Ion	H3O+			
Transmission	DC			
	Man/Ctrl	Ctrl		
PC	350.2	350.19 mbar		
p Drift	2.30	2.30 mbar		
TofLens		6.66E-5 mbar		
TOF		1.33E-6 mbar		
E/N		157.5 111.0 Td		
Temps	79.90 °C	80.10 °C		
SrcValve	50.0			
H2O	6.0	6.00 sccm		
O2	0.0	0.00 sccm		
NO	0.0	0.00 sccm		
Ihc	4	4.0 mA		
	On/Off	On		
FCinlet	60.0	59.99 sccm		
U	FU	°C	D ₊	D ₊
Us	150			145.0 V
Uso	80			78.6 V
Udrift	525			526.1 V

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Defined Peaks

	Mass	Value	Unit	
*(NO)+ i_18O	30.99450	3.11E+3	ppb	^
(CH2O)H+	31.01780	21.65	ppb	
*(O2)+ [O2+]	31.98930	1.51E+3	ppb	
*(O2)+	32.99710	25.58	ppb	
(CH4O)H+	33.03400	62.83	ppb	
*(O2)+ i_18O	33.99350	8.91E+3	ppb	
(CH4O)H+ i_13C	34.03740	3.58	ppb	
✓ (H2S)H+	34.99550	6.61	ppb	
*(H2O)2H+	37.02840	846.33	ppb	
*b38.low	37.93300	8.09E+3	ppb	
*(H2O)2H+	38.03260	1.49E+4	ppb	∨

21 of 249 Peaks selected from
"9-8-24 Peak Table Suncor.ipta"

Instrument

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit	
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	1000.000		^
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.502E+4		
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.283E+4		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000		∨

Calculated

Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	2.200	%	^
O2+	6.295	%	
H3O+(H2O)	6.586	%	
PI	8.981E+7	ncps	
H3O+	84.92	%	∨

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

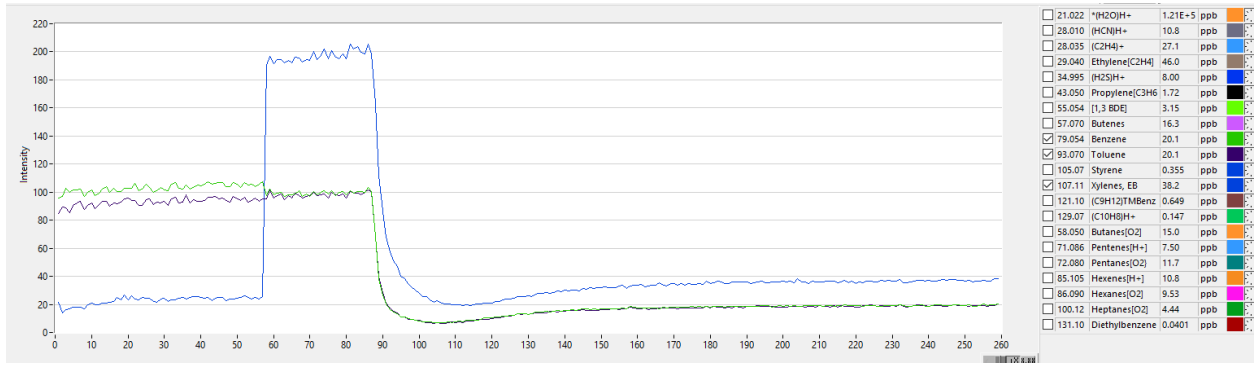
TPS 9-8-24 TOF and Hex *Changed*

Lens 1	15.0	15.0 V	All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 μ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 μ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	76 μ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	168 μ A
MCP F	5400	5136.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 μ A
MCP B	2500	2391.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	222 μ A

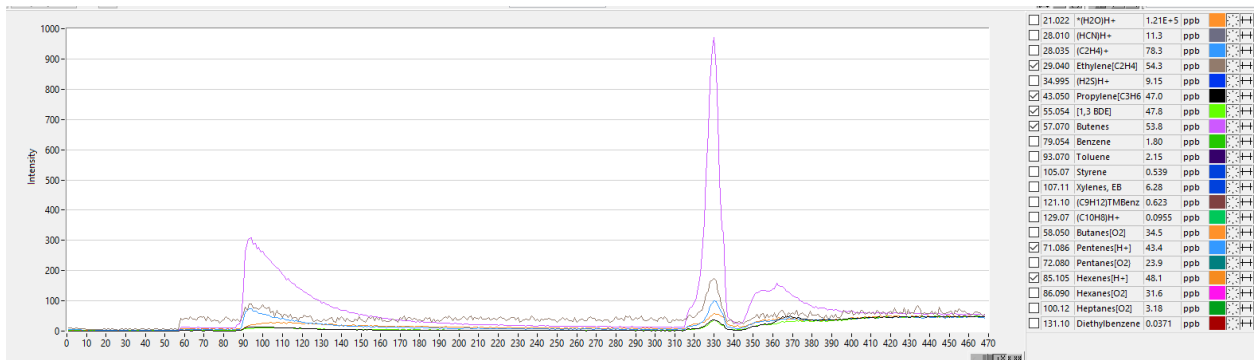
Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	65.8V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

TOF and Hex settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



BTEX post



Alkenes post

Dupont 9/10/24

Acquisition ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000

Extraction time (μs) 4.0 372.2 amu

max Flighttime(μs) 32.0 31.25 kHz

Data Save Settings

Spec Trace Raw

Time Duration

02:00:00 Single File Duration

24 Number of Files To Store

C:\Ionicon\data

Add File Count Extension

New ACQ for new file

<year>_<month>_<day>\
Data_<hour>_<minute>_<second>

2024_09_06\Data_15_41_19_part_XXX

Mass Axis Calibration

Cal Fine 15 sec

Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16035	🗑️	^	a 15019.6
330.8500	220365	🗑️		b -52830.5
59.0491	62584	🗑️	↓	

Acquisitions Settings

Defined Peaks

	Mass	Value	Unit	
*(NO)+ i_18O	30.99450	1.20E+6	ccps	^
(CH2O)H+	31.01780	1.33E+4	ccps	
*(O2)+ [O2+]	31.98930	1.02E+6	ccps	
*(O2)+	32.99710	1.22E+4	ccps	
(CH4O)H+	33.03400	1.01E+5	ccps	
*(O2)+ i_18O	33.99350	6.05E+6	ccps	
(CH4O)H+ i_13C	34.03740	1.14E+4	ccps	
✓ (H2S)H+	34.99550	5.47E+3	ccps	
*(H2O)2H+	37.02840	6.44E+5	ccps	
*b38.low	37.93300	4.07E+6	ccps	
*(H2O)2H+	38.03260	6.95E+6	ccps	∨

21 of 249 Peaks selected from
"9-8-24 Peak Table Suncor.ipta"

Instrument

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit	
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	1000.000		^
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.502E+4		
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.283E+4		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000		∨

Calculated

Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	1.468	%	^
O2+	7.394	%	
H3O+(H2O)	6.043	%	
PI	8.176E+7	ncps	
H3O+	85.09	%	∨

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

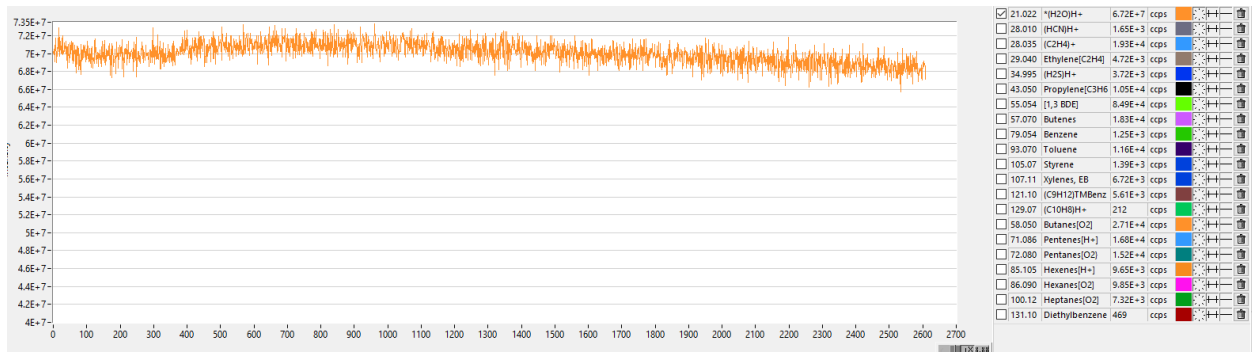
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

TPS 9-8-24 TOF and Hex *Changed*

Lens 1	15.0	15.0 V	All on	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 µA
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 µA
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	76 µA
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 µA
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 µA
MCP B	2500	2394.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	218 µA

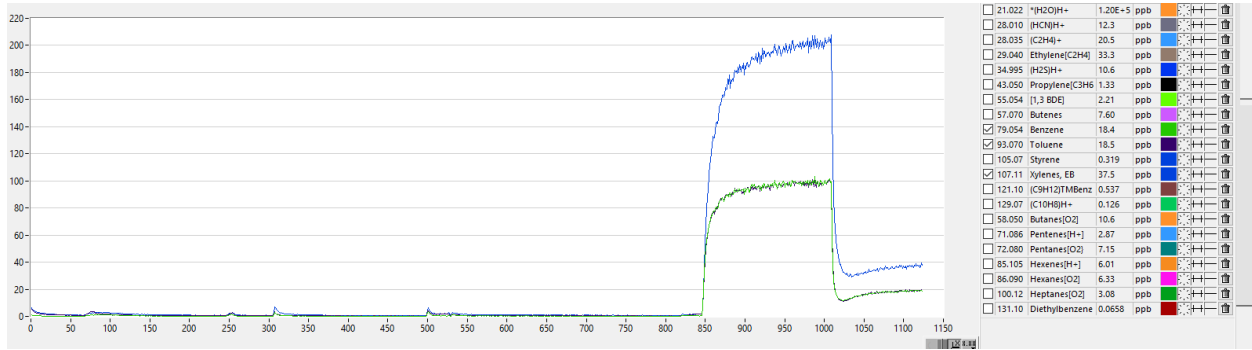
Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	69.4V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

TOF and Hex settings

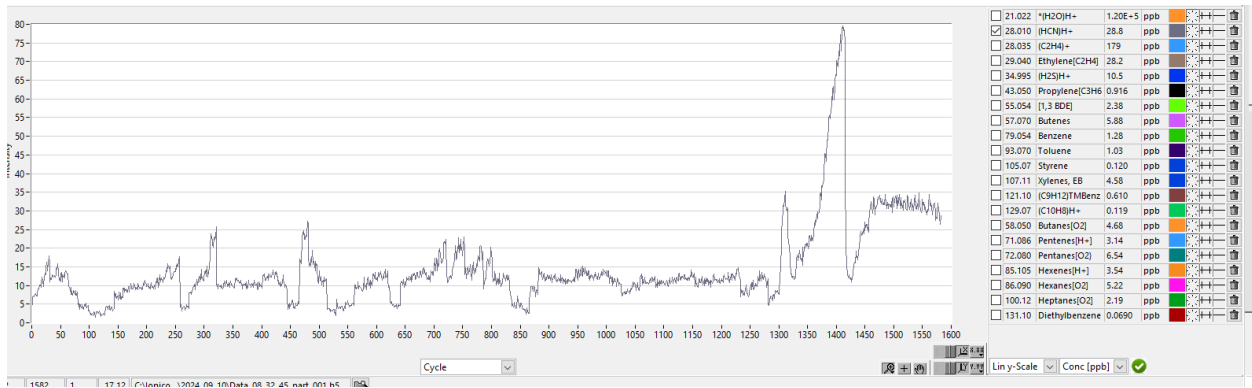


Hydronium stability

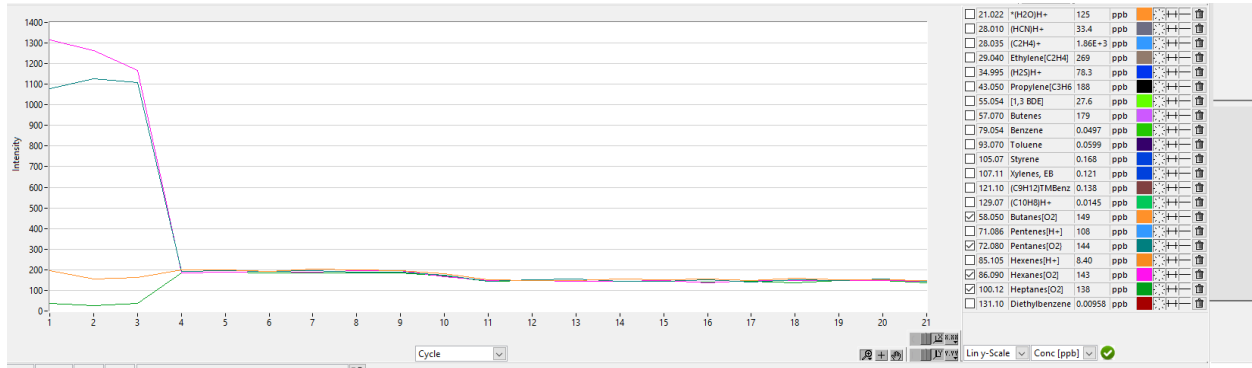
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



BTEX 100ppb and 20 ppb cal check

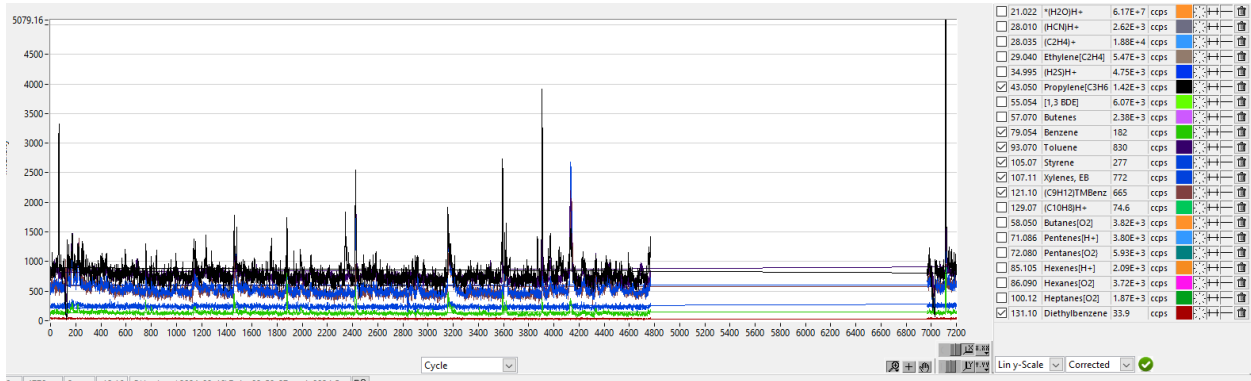


25ppb HCN

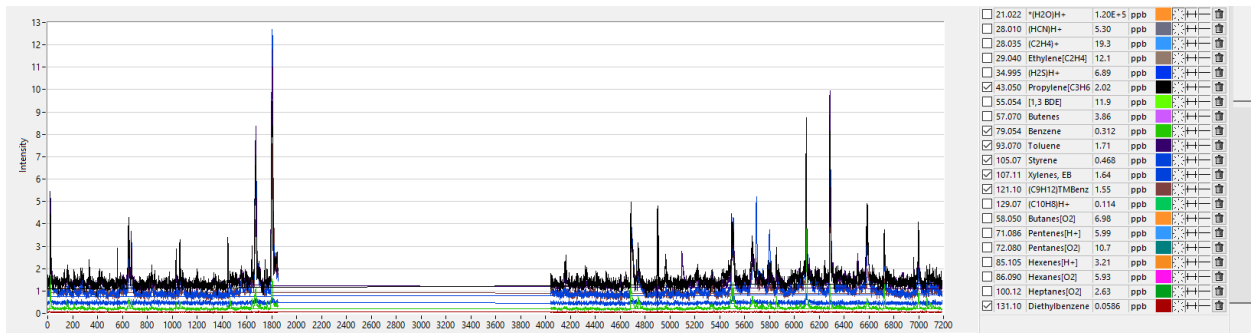


150 ppb Alkanes

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3

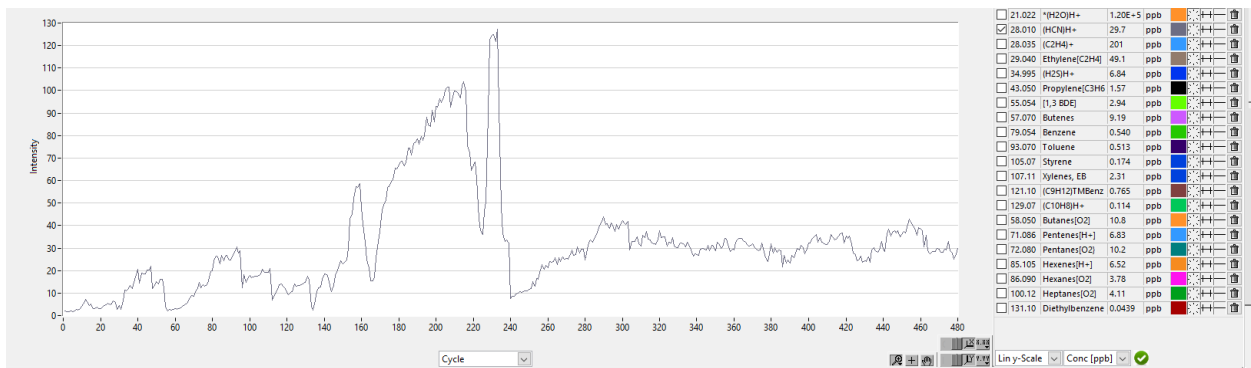


9-10-24 Dupont screenshot raw data



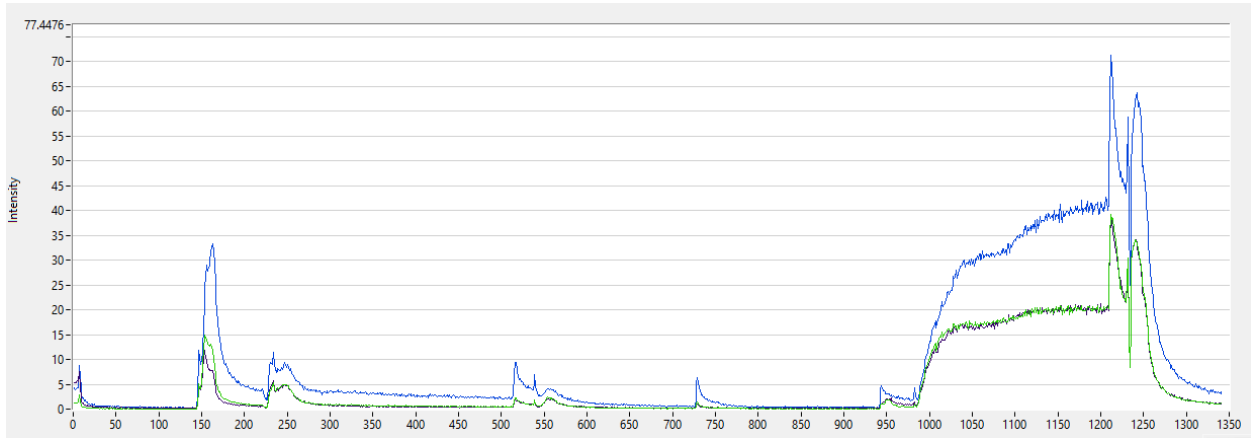
9-10-24 Adam city screenshot raw data

Post cal checks

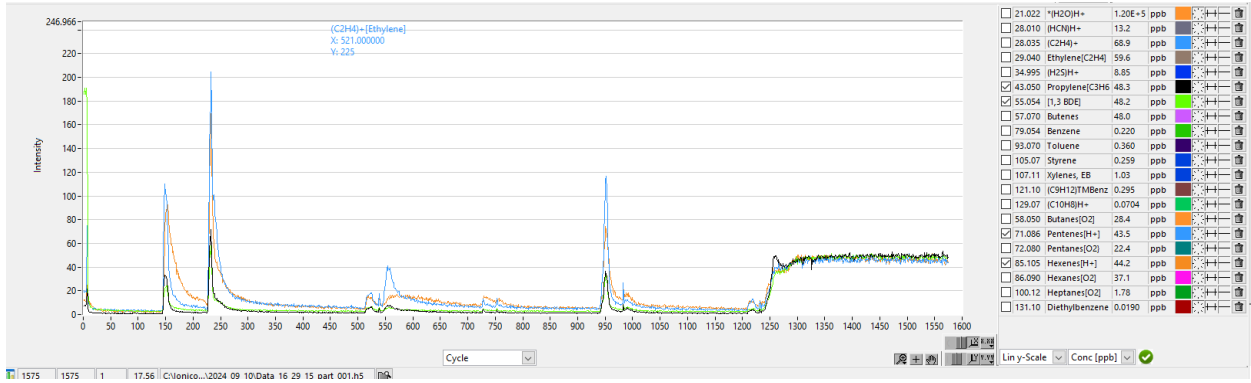


25ppb HCN

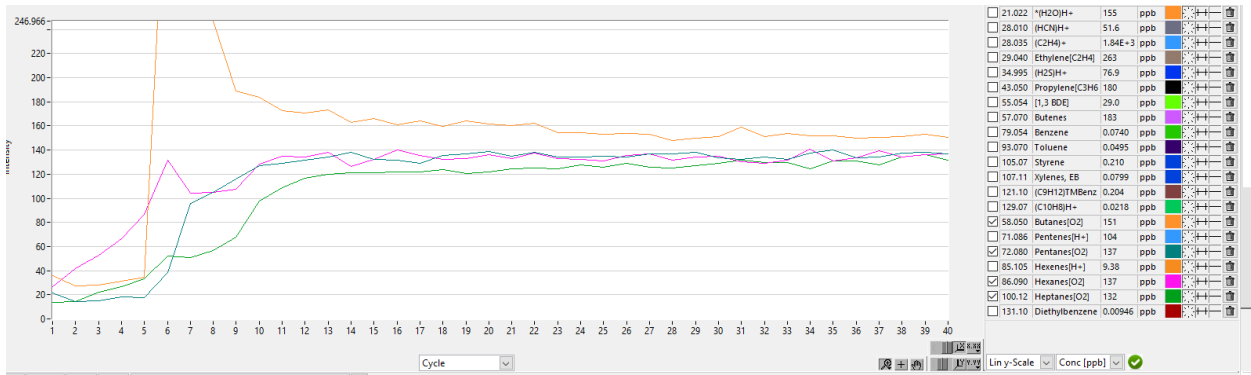
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



20 ppb BTEX



50 ppb Alkenes



150ppb Alkanes

9/11/24 Western Hill and Globeville

TPS 9-8-24 TOF and Hex *Changed*

Lens 1	15.0	15.0 V	All on	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 μ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	102 μ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	76 μ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 μ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 μ A
MCP B	2500	2390.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	220 μ A

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	69.4V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

TOF and Hex Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

The screenshot displays a software interface for configuring acquisition settings. At the top, there are icons for home, back, and search. Below these are three dropdown menus for 'Setting' (O2+ DC), 'Primary Ion' (O2+), and 'Transmission' (DC). The main area is divided into two columns: 'Man/Ctrl' and 'Ctrl'. Parameters include pressure (PC, p Drift), mass-to-charge ratio (TofLens, TOF, E/N), temperature (Temps), gas flow rates (H2O, O2, NO, FCinlet), and current (Ihc). A section labeled 'U' contains voltage settings (Us, Uso, Udrift) with units of °C and V. Each parameter has a numerical input field and a control button (up/down arrows or On/Off).

Parameter	Man/Ctrl	Ctrl
Setting	O2+ DC	
Primary Ion	O2+	
Transmission	DC	
PC	343.7	343.68 mbar
p Drift	2.30	2.31 mbar
TofLens	6.51E-5 mbar	
TOF	7.73E-7 mbar	
E/N	136.8 110.5 Td	
Temps	79.90 °C	80.00 °C
SrcValve	100.0	
H2O	0.0	0.00 sccm
O2	6.0	6.00 sccm
NO	0.0	0.00 sccm
Ihc	4	4.0 mA
	On/Off	On
FCinlet	60.0	60.04 sccm
U	FU °C	C° V
Us	200	195.5 V
Uso	110	108.6 V
Udrift	460	458.9 V

Acquisition Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Defined Peaks

	Mass	Value	Unit
*(NO)+ i_18O	30.99450	4.31E+3	ppb
(CH2O)H+	31.01780	29.17	ppb
*(O2)+ [O2+]	31.98930	0.90	ppb
*(O2)+	32.99710	132.59	ppb
(CH4O)H+	33.03400	67.14	ppb
*(O2)+ i_18O	33.99350	1.06E+5	ppb
(CH4O)H+ i_13C	34.03740	28.99	ppb
✓ (H2S)H+	34.99550	78.83	ppb
*(H2O)2H+	37.02840	2.90	ppb
*b38.low	37.93300	1.26E+3	ppb
*(H2O)2H+	38.03260	1.26E+3	ppb

21 of 249 Peaks selected from "9-8-24 Peak Table Suncor.ipta"

Instrument

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	5000.000	
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.502E+4	
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.283E+4	
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000	
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000	

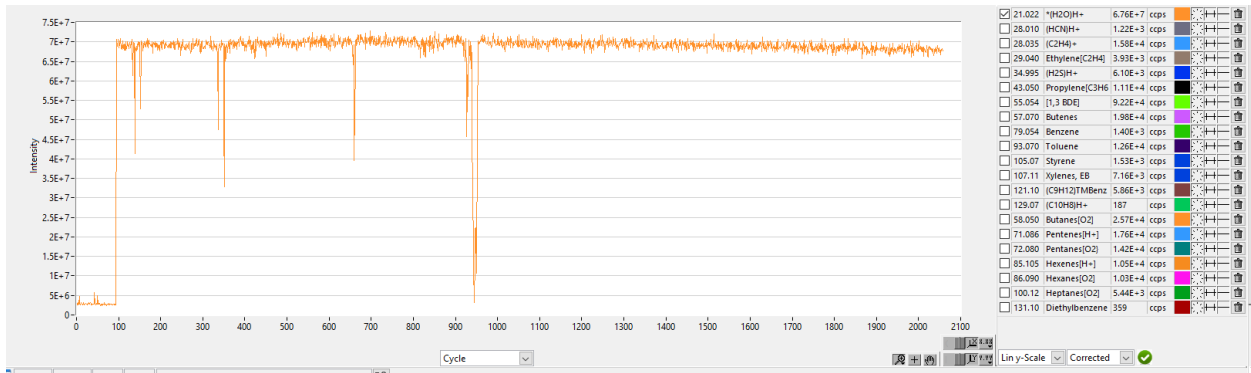
Calculated

Trace	Value	Unit
NO+	3.553	%
O2+	87.51	%
H3O+(H2O)	8.788	%
PI	6.199E+7	ncps
H3O+	0.1493	%

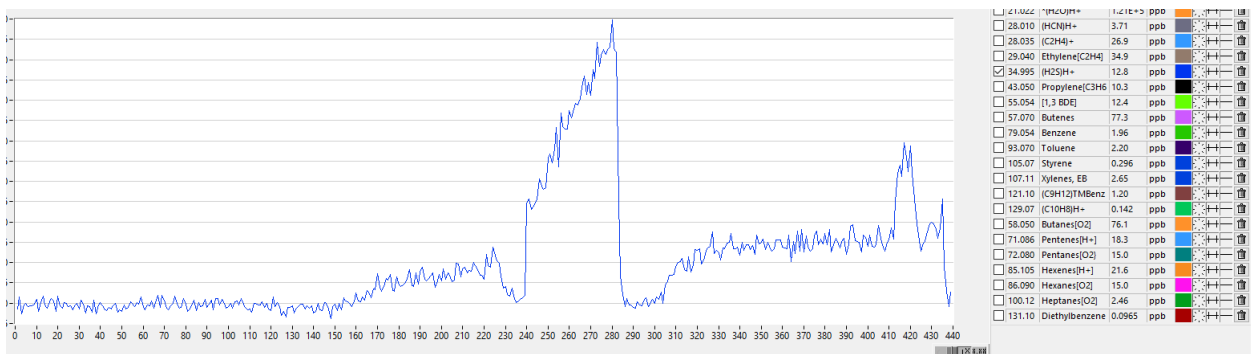
Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

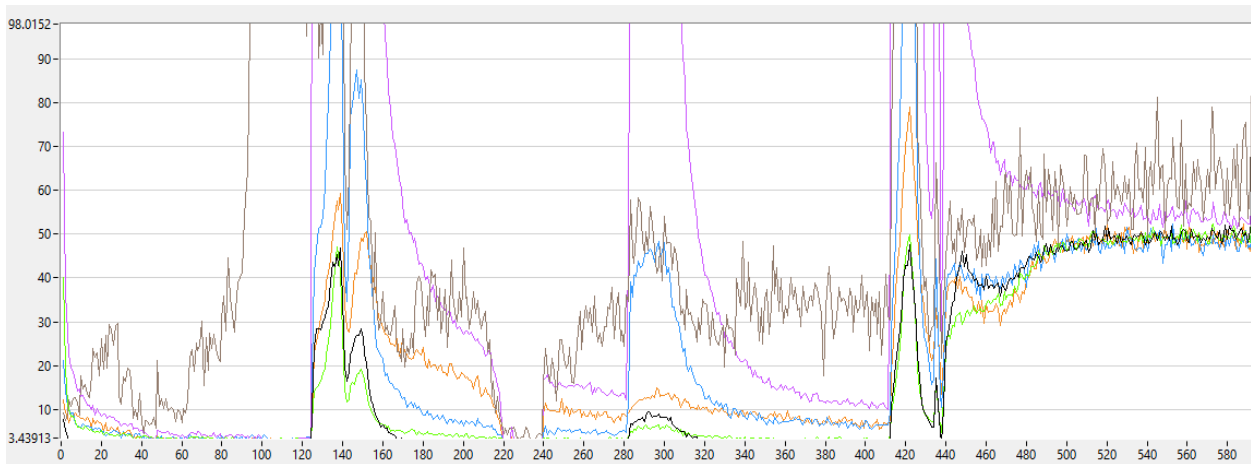
CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



Hydronium Check

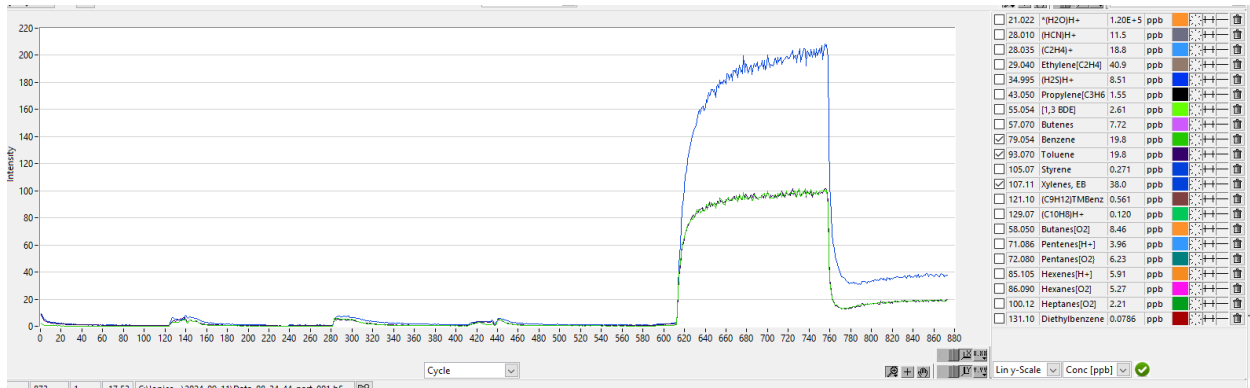


20ppb H2S

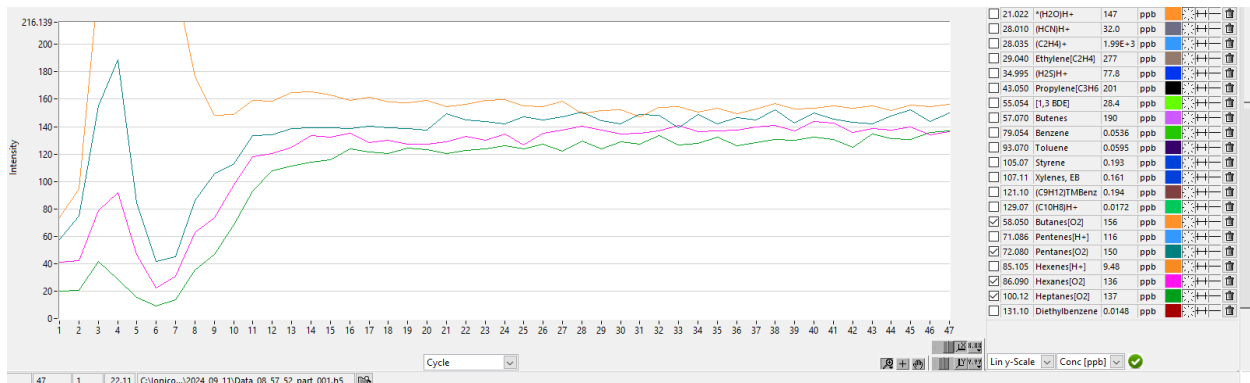


50ppb Alkenes

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q3



100 ppb and 20ppb BTEX



150ppb Alkanes

No post calibration checks were performed due to instrument malfunction.

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

PTR Daily Calibration Checks

Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Initial Instrument Calibration		Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail	
			Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)			
9/8/2024	10:50	Benzene	100	105	5.0	Pass	
		Toluene	100	105	5.0	Pass	
		Xylenes	200	222	11.0	Pass	
			Benzene	50	53	6.0	Pass
			Toluene	50	55	10.0	Pass
			Xylenes	100	110	10.0	Pass
			Benzene	20	19.9	-0.5	Pass
			Toluene	20	20.1	0.5	Pass
			Xylenes	40	39.8	-0.5	Pass
			Benzene	5	5.2	4.0	Pass
			Toluene	5	5.4	8.0	Pass
			Xylenes	10	11.3	13.0	Pass
	11:20	Ethylene	100	101	1.0	Pass	
		Propylene	100	104	4.0	Pass	
		1-Butene	100	97.8	-2.2	Pass	
		1-Pentene	100	97.9	-2.1	Pass	
		1-Hexene	100	99.9	-0.1	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	100	99.3	-0.7	Pass	
		Ethylene	50	54.3	8.6	Pass	
		Propylene	50	52.9	5.8	Pass	
		1-Butene	50	50.8	1.6	Pass	
		1-Pentene	50	49.7	-0.6	Pass	
		1-Hexene	50	49.5	-1.0	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	50	50.8	1.6	Pass	
		Ethylene	20	18.9	-5.5	Pass	
		Propylene	20	19.7	-1.5	Pass	
		1-Butene	20	18.5	-7.5	Pass	
		1-Pentene	20	21.5	7.5	Pass	
		1-Hexene	20	22.3	11.5	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	20	21.3	6.5	Pass	
	12:22	HCN	100	103	3.0	Pass	
		HCN	50	53.4	6.8	Pass	
		HCN	25	26.3	5.2	Pass	
		HCN	10	10.1	1.0	Pass	
	12:44	H ₂ S	50	51.8	3.6	Pass	
		H ₂ S	20	21.7	8.5	Pass	
		H ₂ S	10	10.1	1.0	Pass	
5s	13:03	Butane	250	252	0.8	Pass	
		Pentane	250	256	2.4	Pass	
		Hexane	250	263	5.2	Pass	
		Heptane	250	260	4.0	Pass	
		Butane	100	112	12.0	Pass	
		Pentane	100	107	7.0	Pass	
		Hexane	100	109	9.0	Pass	
		Heptane	100	110	10.0	Pass	
		Butane	50	55.8	11.6	Pass	
		Pentane	50	59.1	18.2	Pass	
		Hexane	50	49.8	-0.4	Pass	
		Heptane	50	52.1	4.2	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
9/9/2024 Pioneer Park	9:16	Ethylene	50	51.4	2.8	Pass
		Propylene	50	51	2.0	Pass
		1-Butene	50	52.3	4.6	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	51	2.0	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	48.7	-2.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	49.2	-1.6	Pass
	9:09	Benzene	100	99.1	-0.9	Pass
		Toluene	100	99.3	-0.7	Pass
		Xylenes	200	199	-0.5	Pass
		Benzene	20	19.2	-4.0	Pass
		Toluene	20	19.3	-3.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	38.4	-4.0	Pass
	9:23	HCN	25	26.4	5.6	Pass
	9:04	H ₂ S	20	22.9	14.5	Pass
	9:30	Butane	150	167	11.3	Pass
		Pentane	150	157	4.7	Pass
		Hexane	150	152	1.3	Pass
Heptane		150	147	-2.0	Pass	
15:34	HCN	25	24.1	-3.6	Pass	
15:38	H ₂ S	20	21.7	8.5	Pass	
15:15	Butane	150	168	12.0	Pass	
	Pentane	150	153	2.0	Pass	
	Hexane	150	150	0.0	Pass	
	Heptane	150	142	-5.3	Pass	
15:23	Benzene	20	19.9	-0.5	Pass	
	Toluene	20	19.5	-2.5	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	38.4	-4.0	Pass	
15:27	Ethylene	50	53	6.0	Pass	
	Propylene	50	50.1	0.2	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	52.8	5.6	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	48.5	-3.0	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	48.2	-3.6	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	48.6	-2.8	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
9/10/2024 Dupont	8:43	Ethylene	50	53.2	6.4	Pass
		Propylene	50	49.6	-0.8	Pass
		1-Butene	50	55.2	10.4	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	47.4	-5.2	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	49.7	-0.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	48.5	-3.0	Pass
	8:47	Benzene	100	99	-1.0	Pass
		Toluene	100	96.9	-3.1	Pass
		Xylenes	200	198	-1.0	Pass
	8:50	Benzene	20	18.4	-8.0	Pass
		Toluene	20	18.5	-7.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	37.5	-6.3	Pass
	8:54	HCN	25	27.4	9.6	Pass
	8:40	H ₂ S	20	20.3	1.5	Pass
	9:06	Butane	150	151	0.7	Pass
		Pentane	150	152	1.3	Pass
		Hexane	150	149	-0.7	Pass
		Heptane	150	149	-0.7	Pass
	16:32	HCN	25	27.5	10.0	Pass
	16:39	H ₂ S	20	17.8	-11.0	Pass
Butane		150	154	2.7	Pass	
Pentane		150	137	-8.7	Pass	
Hexane		150	136	-9.3	Pass	
Heptane		150	136	-9.3	Pass	
16:46	Benzene	20	20.1	0.5	Pass	
	Toluene	20	20	0.0	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	39.5	-1.3	Pass	
16:49	Ethylene	50	56.4	12.8	Pass	
	Propylene	50	47.1	-5.8	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	47.5	-5.0	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	48.8	-2.4	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	47.2	-5.6	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	48.6	-2.8	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
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Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
9/11/2024 Western Hills Adams City	8:42	Ethylene	50	51.2	2.4	Pass
		Propylene	50	50.4	0.8	Pass
		1-Butene	50	51.6	3.2	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	52.4	4.8	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	48.9	-2.2	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	50.2	0.4	Pass
	8:45	Benzene	100	100	0.0	Pass
		Toluene	100	98.9	-1.1	Pass
		Xylenes	200	202	1.0	Pass
	8:47	Benzene	20	19.4	-3.0	Pass
		Toluene	20	19.3	-3.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	38.5	-3.8	Pass
	8:50	HCN	25	28.9	15.6	Pass
	8:37	H ₂ S	20	22.6	13.0	Pass
	8:58	Butane	150	155	3.3	Pass
		Pentane	150	149	-0.7	Pass
Hexane		150	141	-6.0	Pass	
Heptane		150	135	-10.0	Pass	
		HCN	25	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		H ₂ S	20	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Butane	150	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Pentane	150	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Hexane	150	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Heptane	150	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Benzene	20	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Toluene	20	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Xylenes	40	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Ethylene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		Propylene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		1-Butene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		1-Pentene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		1-Hexene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A
		1,3-Butadiene	50	malfunction	N/A	N/A

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
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Date	Time	Initial Instrument Calibration			Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail	
		Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)			
28-Sep	9:50	Benzene	100	102	2.0	Pass	
		Toluene	100	100	0.0	Pass	
		Xylenes	200	207	3.5	Pass	
			Benzene	50	51.5	3.0	Pass
			Toluene	50	50.3	0.6	Pass
			Xylenes	100	105	5.0	Pass
			Benzene	20	20.9	4.5	Pass
			Toluene	20	21	5.0	Pass
			Xylenes	40	42.6	6.5	Pass
			Benzene	5	4.24	-15.2	Pass
			Toluene	5	4.51	-9.8	Pass
			Xylenes	10	9.21	-7.9	Pass
	14:42	Ethylene	100	111	11.0	Pass	
		Propylene	100	99.2	-0.8	Pass	
		1-Butene	100	104	4.0	Pass	
		1-Pentene	100	101	1.0	Pass	
		1-Hexene	100	103	3.0	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	100	99.8	-0.2	Pass	
		Ethylene	50	48.5	-3.0	Pass	
		Propylene	50	49.2	-1.6	Pass	
		1-Butene	50	50.4	0.8	Pass	
		1-Pentene	50	50.2	0.4	Pass	
		1-Hexene	50	52.2	4.4	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	50	54.9	9.8	Pass	
	14:53	Ethylene	20	19	-5.0	Pass	
		Propylene	20	19.8	-1.0	Pass	
		1-Butene	20	20.5	2.5	Pass	
		1-Pentene	20	21.6	8.0	Pass	
		1-Hexene	20	20.6	3.0	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	20	19.7	-1.5	Pass	
	11:51	HCN	100	101	1.0	Pass	
		HCN	50	51	2.0	Pass	
		HCN	25	26.2	4.8	Pass	
		HCN	10	11.6	16.0	Pass	
	14:28	H ₂ S	50	50.8	1.6	Pass	
		H ₂ S	20	19.7	-1.5	Pass	
		H ₂ S	10	11.4	14.0	Pass	
	15:03	Butane	250	246	-1.6	Pass	
		Pentane	250	257	2.8	Pass	
		Hexane	250	259	3.6	Pass	
		Heptane	250	255	2.0	Pass	
		Butane	100	117	17.0	Pass	
		Pentane	100	104	4.0	Pass	
		Hexane	100	103	3.0	Pass	
		Heptane	100	103	3.0	Pass	
		Butane	50	49.9	-0.2	Pass	
		Pentane	50	57.7	15.4	Pass	
		Hexane	50	53	6.0	Pass	
		Heptane	50	52.6	5.2	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van
2024 Q3

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
9/30/2024 Swansea	9:16	Ethylene	50	40.5	-19.0	Pass
		Propylene	50	41.6	-16.8	Pass
		1-Butene	50	40.1	-19.8	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	52.4	4.8	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	47.2	-5.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	43.5	-13.0	Pass
	9:09	Benzene	100	98.7	-1.3	Pass
		Toluene	100	94.7	-5.3	Pass
		Xylenes	200	173	-13.5	Pass
		Benzene	20	19.3	-3.5	Pass
		Toluene	20	18.9	-5.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	35.1	-12.3	Pass
	9:23	HCN	25	24.8	-0.8	Pass
	9:04	H ₂ S	20	19.2	-4.0	Pass
	9:30	Butane	150	152	1.3	Pass
		Pentane	150	148	-1.3	Pass
		Hexane	150	153	2.0	Pass
		Heptane	150	152	1.3	Pass
	15:34	HCN	25	22	-12.0	Pass
	15:38	H ₂ S	20	20.3	1.5	Pass
15:15	Butane	150	171	14.0	Pass	
	Pentane	150	152	1.3	Pass	
	Hexane	150	153	2.0	Pass	
	Heptane	150	150	0.0	Pass	
15:23	Benzene	20	19.1	-4.5	Pass	
	Toluene	20	19.8	-1.0	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	37.5	-6.3	Pass	
15:27	Ethylene	50	42.5	-15.0	Pass	
	Propylene	50	51.8	3.6	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	53.8	7.6	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	56.5	13.0	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	53.6	7.2	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	53.4	6.8	Pass	

No instrumentation screenshots were recorded during the September 30, 2024 testing program.

APPENDIX E CALIBRATION GAS CERTIFICATION SHEETS



Airgas Specialty Gases
Airgas USA LLC
6141 Easton Road
Plumsteadville, PA 18949
Airgas.com

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Customer:	MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC	Reference Number:	160-402805384-1
Part Number:	X05NI99C15AC028	Cylinder Volume:	144.0 CF
Cylinder Number:	ALM-044156	Cylinder Pressure:	2015 PSIG
Laboratory:	124 - Plumsteadville - PA	Valve Outlet:	350
Analysis Date:	Aug 10, 2023		
Lot Number:	160-402805384-1		

Expiration Date: Aug 10, 2026

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
BENZENE	1.000 PPM	1.033 PPM	+/- 5%
ETHYL BENZENE	1.000 PPM	0.9830 PPM	+/- 5%
O XYLENE	1.000 PPM	1.016 PPM	+/- 5%
TOLUENE	1.000 PPM	1.021 PPM	+/- 5%
NITROGEN	99.9996 %	99.999595 %	+/- 5%

Notes: PO Number: PO-049252



Signature on file
Approved for Release

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Customer:	MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC	Reference Number:	126-402278540-1
Part Number:	X02NI99C15W0061	Cylinder Volume:	144.3 CF
Cylinder Number:	CC519990	Cylinder Pressure:	2015 PSIG
Laboratory:	124 - La Porte Mix - TX	Valve Outlet:	330
Analysis Date:	Dec 14, 2021		
Lot Number:	126-402278540-1		

Expiration Date: Dec 14, 2024

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	1,000 PPM	1,064 PPM	+/-5%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Notes: MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC
PO3: PO018078



Signature on file

Approved for Release



Airgas Specialty Gases
Airgas USA LLC
6141 Easton Road
Plumsteadville, PA 18949
Airgas.com

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Part Number:	X02NI99C15A0A19	Reference Number:	SG02-IC000027612-1
Cylinder Number:	CC524330	Cylinder Volume:	142.0 CF
Laboratory:	124 - Plumsteadville - PA	Cylinder Pressure:	2015 PSIG
Analysis Date:	Aug 10, 2023	Valve Outlet:	350SS
Lot Number:	SG02-IC000027612-1		

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	1.000 PPM	0.9980 PPM	+/-5%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Permanent Notes: -NA-

Notes: Analysis Date 8/7/2023
Expiration Date 8/7/2024
Blend Tolerance +/-20%
Analytical Tolerance +/-5%




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